Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	2	47,661	50,380
(b) Capital work-in-progress	37	17	71
(c) Intangible assets	3	5	2
(d) Right of use assets	4	298	312
(e) Financial assets			
(i) Other financial assets	5	1,175	988
(f) Deferred tax assets (net)	26	3,325	2,865
(g) Other non-current assets	6	1,041	857
Total Non-current assets		53,522	55,475
Current assets			
(a) Inventories	7	4,132	4,406
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	8	818	454
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	64	15
(iii) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	10	715	643
(iv) Other financial assets	5	241	238
(c) Other current assets	6	799	2,044
Total Current assets		6,769	7,800
TOTAL ASSETS		60,291	63,275
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	11	504	504
(b) Other equity	12	8,132	9,592
Total Equity		8,636	10,096
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	13A	28,080	31,952
(ia) Lease liabilities	33	85	84
(ii) Other financial liabilities	14	5,522	5,491
(b) Provisions	15	35	39
(c) Other non-current liabilities	17	21	20
Total Non-current liabilities		33,743	37,586
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	13B	6,510	5,669
(i) Borrowings (ia) Lease liabilities	33	11	23
(ii) Trade payables		11	23
	16	2 257	265
(a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		3,357 4,769	265
(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	14		7,430
(iii) Other financial liabilities	14	1,874	1,492
(b) Provisions	15	21	11
(c) Other current liabilities	17	1,370	703
Total Current liabilities	<del> </del>	17,912	15,593
Total Liabilities		51,655	53,179
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		60,291	63,275
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements	1		

In terms of our report attached For Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 008072S For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Sagar Cements (M) Private Limited

(Formerly known as Satguru Cement Private Limited)

	Dr. S. Anand Reddy	Badrilal Bansal
	Director	Director
C Manish Muralidhar	DIN: 00123870	DIN: 01034048
Partner		

Membership No: 213649

Wembership No. 213043

S. Sreekanth Reddy Rajesh Bansal
Director Director
DIN: 00123889 DIN: 01033997

Place: Hyderabad Place: Hyderabad Date: May 14, 2024 Date: May 14, 2024

CIN: U26942MP2001PTC014599

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2024

All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

	Particulars		For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
ı	Revenue from operations	18	39,177	26,731
П	Other income	19	98	74
Ш	Total Income (I + II)	[	39,275	26,80
IV	Expenses			
	(a) Cost of materials consumed	20	5,168	3,309
	(b) Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress	21	(413)	(51)
	(c) Employee benefits expense	22	1,509	1,25
	(d) Finance costs	23	4,848	4,469
	(e) Depreciation and amortisation expense	24	3,826	3,850
	(f) Power and fuel expense		14,517	13,950
	(g) Freight and forwarding expense		7,882	5,043
	(h) Other expenses	25	3,869	3,12
	Total Expenses		41,206	34,48
v	Loss before tax (III - IV)		(1,931)	(7,68
VI	Tax expense			
	(a) Current tax	26	-	-
	(b) Deferred tax	26	(463)	(1,870
	Total Tax expense		(463)	(1,87
VII	Loss after tax (V - VI)		(1,468)	(5,81
VIII	Other comprehensive income			
	(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
	(a) Remeasurement gain on defined benefits plan	30	11	
	(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	26	(3)	-
	Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	Ī	8	
IX	Total comprehensive loss (VII + VIII)		(1,460)	(5,80
х	Earnings per equity share (Face value of ₹ 10 each fully paid (March 31, 2023: ₹ 10 each fully paid))			
^	Basic and Diluted	34	(29.15)	(115.2
	The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements	1		

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Chartered Accountants Sagar Cements (M) Private Limited Firm Registration No: 008072S (Formerly known as Satguru Cement Private Limited) Dr. S. Anand Reddy **Badrilal Bansal** Director Director DIN: 00123870 DIN: 01034048 C Manish Muralidhar Partner Membership No: 213649 Rajesh Bansal S. Sreekanth Reddy Director Director DIN: 00123889 DIN: 01033997 Place: Hyderabad Place: Hyderabad Date: May 14, 2024 Date: May 14, 2024

CIN: U26942MP2001PTC014599

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2024

A For State of the					
A. Equity share capital		1			
Particulars	Amount				
Balance as at March 31, 2022	504				
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-				
Balance as at March 31, 2023	504				
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-				
Balance as at March 31, 2024	504				
B. Other equity					
Particulars		Reserves and surplus		Other items of other	Total other equity
Particulars	Securities premium	Deemed investment in equity	Retained earnings	comprehensive income	Total other equity
Balance as at March 31, 2022	17,912	470	(2,984)	3	15,401
Loss for the year	-	-	(5,810)	-	(5,810)
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax ₹ Nil)	-	-	-	1	1
Balance as at March 31, 2023	17,912	470	(8,794)	4	9,592
Loss for the year	-	-	(1,468)	-	(1,468)
Other comprehensive income for the year (net of tax ₹ 3)	-	-	-	8	8
Balance as at March 31, 2024	17,912	470	(10,262)	12	8,132
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements	<b>-</b>				
In terms of our report attached					
For Deloitte Haskins & Sells	For and on behalf of the	e Board of Directors of			
Chartered Accountants	Sagar Cements (M) Priv	vate Limited			
Firm Registration No: 008072S	(Formerly known as Sa	tguru Cement Private Lin	nited)		
	Dr. S. Anand Reddy			Badrilal Bansal	
	Director			Director	
C Manish Muralidhar	DIN: 00123870			DIN: 01034048	
Partner					
Membership No: 213649					
	S. Sreekanth Reddy			Rajesh Bansal	
	Director			Director	
	DIN: 00123889			DIN: 01033997	
Place Hudeshad	Diago, Hydarsh - 4				
Place: Hyderabad	Place: Hyderabad				
Date: May 14, 2024	Date: May 14, 2024				

CIN: U26942MP2001PTC014599

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2024

Particulars	For the year March 31,		For the year ended March 31, 2023		
A Cash flow from operating activities					
Loss before tax		(1,931)		(7,680	
Adjustments for					
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3,826		3,850		
Finance costs	4,848		4,465		
Interest income	(98)		(73)		
		8,576		8,242	
Operating profit before working capital changes		6,645		562	
Changes in working capital					
Adjustments for (increase)/decrease in operating assets:					
Trade receivables	(364)		(129)		
Inventories	274		(2,027)		
Other financial assets	(234)		(80)		
Other assets	1,049		3,831		
		725		1,595	
Adjustments for increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:					
Trade payables	431		4,745		
Other financial liabilities	31		175		
Provisions	17		31		
Other liabilities	667		208		
		1,146		5,159	
Cash generated from operating activities		8,516		7,316	
Less: Income tax refund received		-		13	
Net cash generated from operating activities		8,516		7,329	
B Cash flow from investing activities					
	(1.212)		(2.702)		
Capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment including capital advances	(1,313)		(2,783)		
Deposits not considered as cash and cash equivalents	()		45		
- Placed	(232)		(214)		
- Matured	160		132		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	-		39		
Interest received	75		42		
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,310)		(2,784	
C Cash flow from financing activities					
Repayment from non-current borrowings	(3,220)		(1,280)		
Proceeds from current borrowings (net)	189		449		
Repayment of lease liabilities	(23)		(22)		
Interest paid	(4,103)		(3,934)		
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(7,157)	_	(4,787	
Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		49		(242	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		15		257	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year (Refer note 9)		64		15	
Note:		İ			
Cash and cash equivalents comprises of:					
Cash in hand		-		1	
Balances with banks		64		14	
Cash and cash equivalents (Refer note 9)	1	64	_	15	

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Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2024

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities:						
Particulars	As at	Cash flow	changes	Non-cash flow changes	As at	
Particulars	April 01, 2023	Proceeds	Repayment	Fair value changes	March 31, 2024	
Non-current borrowings (including current maturities of non-current borrowings) Current borrowings	40,209 2,433	- 189	(3,220)	-	36,989 2,622	
Total liabilities from financing activities	42,642	189	(3,220)	-	39,61	
Particulars	As at	Cash flow	<i>i</i> changes	Non-cash flow changes	As at	
	April 01, 2022	Proceeds	Repayment	Fair value changes	March 31, 2023	
Non-current borrowings (including current maturities of non-current borrowings)	41,489	=	(1,280)	-	40,209	
Current borrowings	1,984	449	- (4.200)	-	2,433	
Total liabilities from financing activities	43,473	449	(1,280)	-	42,642	
Reconciliation of lease liability:						
Particulars	As at April 01, 2023	Additions	Finance cost accrued during	Payment of lease liabilities	As at March 31, 2024	
	, ,	_	the year			
Lease liabilities	107	3	9	(23)	90	
			Finance cost			
Particulars	As at April 01, 2022	Additions	accrued during the year	Payment of lease liabilities	As at March 31, 2023	
Lease liabilities	119	-	10	(22)	10	
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements In terms of our report attached For Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 008072S		Sagar Cements (N	of the Board of Dir 1) Private Limited as Satguru Cemen			
<b>C Manish Muralidhar</b> Partner Membership No: 213649		<b>Dr. S. Anand Redd</b> Director DIN: 00123870	<b>Badrilal B</b> Director DIN: 0103			
		S. Sreekanth Redo Director DIN: 00123889	iy	<b>Rajesh Ba</b> Director DIN: 0103		
Place: Hyderabad Date: May 14, 2024		Place: Hyderabad Date: May 14, 202	4			

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Notes to the financial statements

### 1. Corporate information and material accounting policies

#### a) Corporate Information:

Sagar Cements (M) Private Limited (Formerly known as Satguru Cement Private Limited) ("the Company") was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 as a private limited company on March 21, 2001. The Company is engaged in the business of manufacture and sale of cement. The Company has its registered office at Indore, Madhya Pradesh.

### b) Material accounting policies

### i) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as 'Ind AS') prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The Company has consistently applied accounting policies to all periods.

### ii) Basis of preparation and presentation

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services at the time of their acquisition.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 116, net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36 that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

### iii) Functional and Presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹) which is the functional currency of the Company and the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

### Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements which also include the accompanying notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per the requirement of Schedule III to the Companies Act 2013, unless otherwise stated.

### iv) Use of estimates and Judgements

In the application of the accounting policies, which are described in Note 1(b), the management of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable and the associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

### • Useful lives of on property, plant and equipment and amortisation of intangible assets

Depreciation on plant and machinery is calculated on a straight-line basis and property, plant and equipment other than stated above is calculated on a diminishing balance method using the rates arrived at based on the useful lives and residual values of all its property, plant and equipment as estimated by the management. Amortisation of intangible assets is calculated on diminishing balance method considering the useful life estimated by the management. The management believes that depreciation rates currently used fairly reflect its estimate of the useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment, though these rates in certain cases are different from lives prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. The lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events, which may impact their life, such as changes in technology. This reassessment may result in change in depreciation expense in future periods.

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Notes to the financial statements

### • Defined benefit plans

The liabilities and costs for defined benefit pension plans and other post-employment benefits are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions relating to discount rates, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the long-term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

#### · Recognition of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

### • Fair value measurement of Financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow ('DCF') model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

#### • Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognised in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events that can reasonably be estimated. The timing of recognition requires application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances which may be subject to change. The litigations and claims to which the Company is exposed are assessed by management and in certain cases with the support of external specialised lawyers.

In the normal course of business, contingent liabilities may arise from litigation and other claims against the Company. Potential liabilities that are possible but not probable of crystallising or are very difficult to quantify reliably are treated as contingent liabilities. Such liabilities are disclosed in the notes but are not recognised.

#### Leases

Ind AS 116 Leases requires a lessee to determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease adjusted with any option to extend or terminate the lease, if the use of such option is reasonably certain. The Company makes an assessment on the expected lease term on lease by lease basis and thereby assesses whether it is reasonably certain that any options to extend or terminate the contract will be exercised. In evaluating the lease term, the Company considers factors such as any significant leasehold improvements undertaken over the lease term, costs relating to the termination of lease and the importance of the underlying lease to the Company's operations taking into account the location of the underlying asset and the availability of the suitable alternatives. The lease term in future periods is reassessed to ensure that the lease term reflects the current economic circumstances. The discount rate is based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

### • Expected credit losses

The Company makes provision for doubtful receivables based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the days the receivables are due and the rates as per the provision matrix.

### Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In estimating the net realisable value of inventories, the Company makes an estimate of future selling prices and costs necessary to make the sale.

### v) Revenue recognition:

The Company derives revenue from the sale of cement and recognizes when it transfers control over the goods to the customer. Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price of goods sold is net of variable consideration on account of various discounts and schemes offered by the Company as part of the contract.

No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with credit terms largely ranging between 30 days and 60 days depending on the specific terms agreed to with customers concerned, which is consistent with the market practice.

### Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income / interest expenses over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts / payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

### vi) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

CIN: U26942MP2001PTC014599

Notes to the financial statements

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### vii) Government grants

Grants from the Government are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that:

- a) The Company will comply with the conditions attached to them; and
- b) The grant will be received.

#### viii) Employee benefits

Employee benefits include provident fund, superannuation fund, employee state insurance scheme, gratuity fund and compensated absences.

#### **Defined Contribution Plans:**

The Company's contribution to provident fund, superannuation fund and employee state insurance scheme are considered as defined contribution plans and are charged as an expense to the statement of profit and loss based on the amount of contribution required to be made and when services are rendered by the employees.

#### Defined Benefit Plans:

For defined benefit retirement plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each annual reporting period. Re-measurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit and loss. Past service cost is recognised in statement of profit and loss when the plan amendment or curtailment occurs. Gains or losses on settlement of a defined benefit plan are recognised when the settlement occurs. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Defined benefit costs are categorised as follows:

- service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- net interest expense or income; and
- · re-measurement

The Company presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in the statement of profit and loss in the line item 'Employee benefits expense.

### **Compensated Absences:**

The employees of the Company are entitled to compensate absences. The employees can carry-forward a portion of the unutilised accrued compensated absence and utilise it in future periods or receive cash compensation at retirement or termination of employment for the unutilised accrued compensated absence. The Company records an obligation for compensated absences in the period in which the employee renders the services that increase this entitlement. The Company measures the expected cost of compensated absence based on actuarial valuation made by an independent actuary as at the balance sheet date on projected unit credit method. Compensated absences expected to be maturing after 12 months from the date of balance sheet are classified as non-current.

### Short-term employee benefits

The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognized during the year when the employees render the service. These benefits include performance incentive and compensated absences which are expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service.

### ix) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of current tax and deferred tax. Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and the net change in the deferred tax asset or liability during the year. Current and deferred taxes are recognised in statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting date.

A provision is recognised for those matters for which the tax determination is uncertain, but it is considered probable that there will be a future outflow of funds to a tax authority. The provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amount expected to become payable.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, a deferred tax liability is not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of the goodwill.

CIN: U26942MP2001PTC014599

Notes to the financial statements

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting date.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are off set when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax asset against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

#### x) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price net of any trade discounts and rebates, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses and borrowings costs attributable to acquisition of qualifying property, plant and equipment up to the date the asset is ready for its intended use. Freehold land is not depreciated.

Capital work-in-progress in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Company's accounting policy. Such Capital works in progress are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit and loss.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives.

Depreciation on plant and machinery is charged under straight line method and on other assets depreciation is charged under diminishing balance method, based on the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in respect of the following categories of assets, in whose case the life of the assets has been assessed as under based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support, etc.

Class of asset	Useful lives
Plant and machinery other than continuous process plant	3 - 25 years
Electrical installations	15 Years and 25 years

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The Company follows the process of componentization for property, plant and equipment. Accordingly, the Company has identified a part of an asset as a separate component in whole asset value (beyond certain value) and useful life of the part is different from the useful life of the remaining asset. The useful life has been assessed based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset / component of an asset, the estimated usage of the asset / component of an asset on the basis of management's best estimation of getting economic benefits from those class of assets / components of an asset. The Company uses its technical expertise along with historical and industry trends for arriving the economic life of an asset/ component of an asset.

Individual assets costing less than or equal to ₹5,000 are depreciated in full in the year of acquisition.

### Land-Restoration

The Company provides for the costs of restoring a site where a legal or constructive obligation exists. The estimated future costs for known restoration requirements are determined on a site-by-site basis and are calculated based on the present value of estimated future cash out flows. The site restoration provision before exploitation of the raw materials has commenced is included in Property, Plant and Equipment and depreciated over the life of the related asset.

Changes in the measurement of a provision that result from changes in the estimated timing or amount of cash outflows, or a change in the discount rate, are added to or deducted from the cost of the related asset to the extent that they relate to the asset's installation, construction or acquisition.

The effect of any adjustments to the provision due to further environmental damage as a result of exploitation activities is recorded through the Statement of Profit and Loss over the life of the related asset, in order to reflect the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period. All provisions are discounted to their present value. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

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Notes to the financial statements

### xi) Intangible assets and amortisation

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortisation is recognised on a diminishing balance method over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

#### xii) Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses, where considered necessary. Cost includes all charges in bringing the goods to the point of sale, including octroi and other levies, transit insurance and receiving charges. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution. Work-in-progress and finished goods include appropriate proportion of overheads.

The methods of determining cost of various categories of inventories are as follows:

Type of Inventory	Method
Raw materials and coal	Weighted average method
Stores and spares and packing materials	Weighted average method
Work-in-progress and finished goods (manufactured)	Weighted average method and including an appropriate share of applicable overheads.

### xiii) Cash and cash equivalents (for purposes of Cash Flow Statement)

Cash comprises cash on hand, in bank and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

Cash flows are reported using indirect method whereby profit/ (loss) before tax is adjusted for the effects of transaction of non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts and payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated based on the available information.

### xiv) Foreign currency transactions and translations:

Transactions in foreign currencies entered into by the Company are accounted at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction or at rates that closely approximate the rate at the date of the transaction.

Foreign currency monetary items of the Company, outstanding at the balance sheet date are restated at the year-end rates. Non-monetary items of the Company that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

For the purposes of presenting these financial statements, the exchange differences on monetary items arising, if any, are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

### xv) Financial Instruments:

### (A) Initial recognition:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when a Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial asset or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit and loss are recognized immediately in profit and loss.

### (B) Subsequent measurement:

# Non-derivative Financial Instruments:

- **a. Financial assets carried at amortized cost:** A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- b. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income: A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- c. Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss: A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit and loss.
- **d. Financial liabilities:** Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for contingent consideration recognized in a business combination which is subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

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Notes to the financial statements

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL). Interest income is recognised in statement of profit and loss and is included in the "other income" line item.

### (C) De-recognition of financial assets and liabilities:

#### a. Financial assets:

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognize the financial asset and also recognizes a collateralized borrowing for the proceeds received.

On de-recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognized in profit and loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognized in profit and loss on disposal of that financial asset.

#### b. Financial liabilities:

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit and loss.

#### (D) Financial guarantee contract liabilities:

Financial guarantee contract liabilities are disclosed in financial statements in accordance with Ind AS 37 – Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets.

#### xvi) Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risk. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Any changes therein are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in the Statement of Profit and Loss depends on the nature of the hedging relationship and the nature of the hedged item. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. The Company does not hold derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

# xvii) Impairment of assets

### a. Financial assets:

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit and loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in profit and loss.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables.

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivable and is adjusted for forward looking estimates. The ECL loss allowance (or reversal) during the year is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

### b. Non-financial assets:

Intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs.

If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss is measured by the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the estimated recoverable amount of the asset. An impairment loss is reversed in the statement of profit and loss if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

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Notes to the financial statements

### xviii) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post-tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post-tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

### xix) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

A present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Claims against the Company where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised. A contingent asset is disclosed, in financial statements, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

### xx) Leases

The Company evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgment. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset. The Company uses significant judgement in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate. The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognized at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or prior to the commencement date of the lease plus any initial direct costs less any lease incentives. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated from the commencement date on a straight-line basis over the lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. The lease liability is initially measured at amortized cost at the present value of the future lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if not readily determinable, using the incremental borrowing rates in the country of domicile of these leases. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right of use asset if the Company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option.

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Balance Sheet and lease payments have been classified as financing cash flows.

# xxi) Operating cycle

Based on the nature of activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

# xxii) New standards and interpretations

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 01, 2024.

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Notes to the financial statements

All amounts are in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated

#### 2. Property, plant and equipment

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Land restoration	16	16
Buildings	11,604	12,666
Plant and machinery	31,885	32,822
Furniture and fittings	37	46
Office and other equipment	323	395
Electrical installations	3,746	4,405
Computers	15	15
Vehicles	35	15
Total	47,661	50,380

#### For the year 2023-24

Description of Assets	Land-Restoration	Buildings	Plant and Machinery	Furniture and Fittings	Office and other Equipment	Electrical installations	Computers	Vehicles	Total
I. Gross block									
Opening Balance	18	14,484	34,605	69	575	5,473	45	22	55,291
Add: Additions	-	270	708	3	40	28	10	30	1,089
Less: Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	18	14,754	35,313	72	615	5,501	55	52	56,380
II. Accumulated depreciation									
Opening Balance	2	1,818	1,783	23	180	1,068	30	7	4,911
Add: Depreciation expense	-	1,332	1,645	12	112	687	10	10	3,808
Less: Eliminated on disposal of assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2024	2	3,150	3,428	35	292	1,755	40	17	8,719
Net block (I-II)									
Carrying value as at March 31, 2024	16	11,604	31,885	37	323	3,746	15	35	47,661
Carrying Value as at March 31, 2023	16	12,666	32,822	46	395	4,405	15	15	50,380

#### For the year 2022-23

Description of Assets	Land-Restoration	Buildings	Plant and Machinery	Furniture and Fittings	Office and other Equipment	Electrical installations	Computers	Vehicles	Total
I. Gross block									
Opening Balance	-	13,366	27,191	66	482	5,438	41	8	46,592
Add: Additions	18	1,118	7,414	3	93	76	4	14	8,740
Less: Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	41	-	-	41
Balance as at March 31, 2023	18	14,484	34,605	69	575	5,473	45	22	55,291
II. Accumulated depreciation									
Opening Balance	-	414	354	8	49	241	12	3	1,081
Add: Depreciation expense	2	1,404	1,429	15	131	829	18	4	3,832
Less: Eliminated on disposal of assets	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2
Balance as at March 31, 2023	2	1,818	1,783	23	180	1,068	30	7	4,911
Net block (I-II)									
Carrying Value as at March 31, 2023	16	12,666	32,822	46	395	4,405	15	15	50,380
Carrying Value as at March 31, 2022	-	12,952	26,837	58	433	5,197	29	5	45,511

<sup>1.</sup> Property, plant and equipment (other than land restoration) with a carrying amount of ₹ 47,645 (March 31, 2023: ₹ 50,364) are subject to a pari-passu first charge on the Company's term loans. Further the property, plant and equipment (other than land restoration) are subject to pari-passu and second charge on the Company's current borrowings. Refer note 13A and 13B.

<sup>2.</sup> The title deeds of all immovable properties are held in the name of the Company. The Company has not revalued its Property, plant and equipment.

Sagar Cements (M) Private Limited (Formerly known as Satguru Cement Private Limited)
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# 3. Intangible assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Computer software	5	2
Total	5	2

### Computer Software:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
I. Gross block		
Opening Balance	4	3
Additions	4	1
Closing Balance	8	4
II. Accumulated amortisation		
Opening Balance	2	-
Amortisation expense	1	2
Closing Balance	3	2
Net block (I-II)		
Carrying Value	5	2

Note: The Company has not revalued its intangible assets.

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4. Right of use assets

Partition .	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Land	294	299
Buildings	4	13
Total	298	312

### Land:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
I. Gross block		
Opening Balance	318	318
Add: Additions	-	-
Less: Deletion	-	-
Closing Balance	318	318
II. Accumulated depreciation		
Opening Balance	19	14
Add: Depreciation expense	5	5
Closing Balance	24	19
Net block (I-II)		
Carrying Value	294	299

Buildings:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
I. Gross block		
Opening Balance	34	34
Add: Additions	3	-
Less: Deletion	29	-
Closing Balance	8	34
II. Accumulated depreciation		
Opening Balance	21	10
Add: Depreciation expense	12	11
Less: Eliminated on disposal of assets	29	-
Closing Balance	4	21
Net block (I-II)		
Carrying Value	4	13

Note: Refer note 33 on operating lease.

5 Other financial sestes (Unsecured, considered good) Non-current Society deposits Salance held as margin money deposit against borrowings (Refer note below) 134 130 Total  Current Security deposits Security de	Note No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Security deposits   Solance held as margin money deposit against borrowings (Refer note below)   A46	5	Other financial assets (Unsecured, considered good)		
Balance held a margin money deposit against borrowings (Refer note below)   134   139   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   134   139   134   134   139   134   134   138   134   144   134   134   144   134   144		Non-current		
Balance held a margin money deposit against borrowings (Refer note below)   134   148   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134   139   134		Security deposits	595	353
Financial benefit due to guarantee by Holding company         1.175         988           Current         1,175         988           Current         77         95           Advances to employees         118         7           Interest accrued but not due         92         69           Financial benefit due to guarantee by Holding company         54         66           Total other financial assets         1,416         1,226           Note: Held as securities or earmarked for issue of bank guarantees/ letter of credit/ margin money.         9         221           6 Other assets (Unsecured, considered good)         0         1,041         857           Non-current         9         22         836           Current         1,041         857           Current         30         379         22           Advances to suppliers and service providers         510         379         22           Prepaid expenses         510         379         68         31,429           Incentives receivable from government         9         68         1,429         1,449         1,429         1,449         1,449         1,449         1,449         1,449         1,449         1,449         1,449         1,449         1,		Balance held as margin money deposit against borrowings (Refer note below)	446	446
Total			134	189
Security deposits         77         96           Advances to employees         18         77           Interest accrued but not due         92         69           Financial benefit due to guarantee by Holding company         54         66           Total other financial assets         1,416         1,226           Note: Held as securities or earmarked for issue of bank guarantees/ letter of credit/ margin money.         1,416         1,226           6 Other assets (Unsecured, considered good)         9         2,21           Non-current         9         2,21           Prepaid expenses         1,032         836           Total         1,041         857           Current         3         1,429           Advances to suppliers and service providers         510         379           Prepaid expenses         2,27         168           Balances with government authorities         53         1,429           Incentives receivable from government         9         68           Total         799         2,044           Total other assets         1,840         2,991           Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)         20         1,793         1,178           Storces and sparses			1,175	988
Security deposits         77         96           Advances to employees         18         77           Interest accrued but not due         92         69           Financial benefit due to guarantee by Holding company         54         66           Total other financial assets         1,416         1,226           Note: Held as securities or earmarked for issue of bank guarantees/ letter of credit/ margin money.         1,416         1,226           6 Other assets (Unsecured, considered good)         9         2,21           Non-current         9         2,21           Prepaid expenses         1,032         836           Total         1,041         857           Current         3         1,429           Advances to suppliers and service providers         510         379           Prepaid expenses         2,27         168           Balances with government authorities         53         1,429           Incentives receivable from government         9         68           Total         799         2,044           Total other assets         1,840         2,991           Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)         20         1,793         1,178           Storces and sparses				
Advances to employees Interest accrued but not due Financial benefit due to guarantee by Holding company Total other financial assets Note: Held as securities or earmarked for issue of bank guarantees/ letter of credit/ margin money.  6 Other assets (Unsecured, considered good) Non-current Capital advances Prepaid expenses 1,032 836 Total Current Advances to suppliers and service providers Balances with government authorities Incentives receivable from government Total other assets T		Current		
Advances to employees   18   7   18   7   18   18   7   18   18		Security deposits	77	96
Interest accrued but not due   9.2   69   Financial benefit due to guarantee by Holding company   5.4   6.6   6.6   7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7		· ·		
Financial benefit due to guarantee by Holding company			92	69
Total other financial assets   1,416   1,226     Note: Held as securities or earmarked for issue of bank guarantees/ letter of credit/ margin money.			54	
Note: Held as securities or earmarked for issue of bank guarantees/ letter of credit/ margin money.           6         Other assets (Unsecured, considered good)         9         21           Non-current         9         21           Prepaid expenses         1,032         336           Total         1,041         857           Current         4         1,041         857           Current         4         227         168           Balances with government authorities         53         1,429           Incentives receivable from government         9         68           Total         799         2,044           Total other assets         1,840         2,991           7         Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)         208         179           Raw materials         208         179         2,044           York-in-progress         1,793         1,178         3         1,178           Stores and spares         76         402         4         121           Packing materials         64         121         4,384           Goods-in-transit:         Raw materials         7         3         3           Total (B)         4,132		Total	241	238
Note: Held as securities or earmarked for issue of bank guarantees/ letter of credit/ margin money.           6         Other assets (Unsecured, considered good)         9         21           Non-current         9         21           Prepaid expenses         1,032         336           Total         1,041         857           Current         4         1,041         857           Current         4         227         168           Balances with government authorities         53         1,429           Incentives receivable from government         9         68           Total         799         2,044           Total other assets         1,840         2,991           7         Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)         208         179           Raw materials         208         179         2,044           York-in-progress         1,793         1,178         3         1,178           Stores and spares         76         402         4         121           Packing materials         64         121         4,384           Goods-in-transit:         Raw materials         7         3         3           Total (B)         4,132				
Note: Held as securities or earmarked for issue of bank guarantees/ letter of credit/ margin money.           6         Other assets (Unsecured, considered good)         9         21           Non-current         9         21           Capital advances         1,032         836           Total         1,041         857           Current         3         1,041         857           Current         4         1,041         857           Current Advances to suppliers and service providers         5.10         3.79           Prepaid expenses         227         1.68           Balances with government authorities         5.3         1,429           Incentives receivable from government         9         68           Total         799         2,044           Total other assets         1,840         2,991           Total other assets         1,840         2,991           Total other assets         208         1.79           Raw materials         208         1.79           Coal         953         1,935           Work-in-progress         1,793         1,178           Stores and spares         76         402           Pac		Total other financial assets	1,416	1,226
6 Other assets (Unsecured, considered good)		<b>Note</b> : Held as securities or earmarked for issue of bank guarantees/ letter of credit/ margin money.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Non-current         9         21           Capital advances         1,032         836           Total         1,041         857           Current           Advances to suppliers and service providers         510         379           Prepaid expenses         227         168           Balances with government authorities         53         1,429           Incentives receivable from government         9         68           Total         799         2,044           Total other assets         1,840         2,901           7         Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)         208         179           Raw materials         208         179           Coal         953         1,935           Work-in-progress         1,793         1,178           Stores and spares         736         402           Packing materials         64         121           Finished goods         367         559           Total (A)         4,121         4,384           Goods-in-transit:         7         3           Raw materials         7         3           Coal         4         19 <t< td=""><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><td></td></t<>		,		
Non-current         9         21           Capital advances         1,032         836           Total         1,041         857           Current           Advances to suppliers and service providers         510         379           Prepaid expenses         227         168           Balances with government authorities         53         1,429           Incentives receivable from government         9         68           Total         799         2,044           Total other assets         1,840         2,901           7         Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)         208         179           Raw materials         208         179           Coal         953         1,935           Work-in-progress         1,793         1,178           Stores and spares         736         402           Packing materials         64         121           Finished goods         367         559           Total (A)         4,121         4,384           Goods-in-transit:         7         3           Raw materials         7         3           Coal         4         19 <t< td=""><td>6</td><td>Other assets (Unsecured, considered good)</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	6	Other assets (Unsecured, considered good)		
Capital advances         9         21           Prepaid expenses         1,032         836           Total         1,041         857           Current           Advances to suppliers and service providers         510         379           Prepaid expenses         227         168           Balances with government authorities         53         1,429           Incentives receivable from government         9         68           Total         799         2,044           Total other assets         1,840         2,901           7         Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)         208         179           Coal         953         1,935           Work-in-progress         1,793         1,178           Stores and spares         9         367         569           Total (A)         367         569           Total (A)         4,121         4,384           Goods-in-transit:         8         7         3           Raw materials         7         3         3           Coal         4         19           Total (B)         1         2           Total inventories (A+B)         4,10				
Total         1,041         857           Current         Advances to suppliers and service providers         510         379           Prepaid expenses         227         168           Balances with government authorities         53         1,429           Incentives receivable from government         9         68           Total         799         2,044           Total other assets         1,840         2,901           Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)         208         179           Raw materials         208         179           Coal         953         1,935           Work-in-progress         1,793         1,178           Stores and spares         736         402           Packing materials         736         402           Packing materials         367         509           Total (A)         4,121         4,384           Goods-in-transit:         8         7         3           Coal         4         19           Total (B)         11         22           Total inventories (A+B)         4,132         4,406			9	21
Current         Advances to suppliers and service providers         510         379           Prepaid expenses         227         168           Balances with government authorities         53         1,429           Incentives receivable from government         9         68           Total         799         2,044           Total other assets         1,840         2,901           7         Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)         208         179           Coal         953         1,935           Work-in-progress         1,793         1,178           Stores and spares         736         402           Packing materials         64         121           Finished goods         367         569           Total (A)         4,121         4,384           Goods-in-transit:         Raw materials         7         3           Coal         4         19           Total (B)         11         22           Total inventories (A+B)         4,406         4,406		Prepaid expenses	1,032	836
Advances to suppliers and service providers       510       379         Prepaid expenses       227       168         Balances with government authorities       53       1,429         Incentives receivable from government       9       68         Total       799       2,044         Total other assets       1,840       2,901         Total other assets       208       179         Coal       953       1,935         Work-in-progress       1,793       1,178         Stores and spares       736       402         Packing materials       64       121         Finished goods       367       559         Total (A)       4,121       4,384         Goods-in-transit:         Raw materials       7       3         Coal       4       19         Total (B)       11       22         Total inventories (A+B)       4,132       4,406		Total	1,041	857
Advances to suppliers and service providers       510       379         Prepaid expenses       227       168         Balances with government authorities       53       1,429         Incentives receivable from government       9       68         Total       799       2,044         Total other assets       1,840       2,901         Total other assets       208       179         Coal       953       1,935         Work-in-progress       1,793       1,178         Stores and spares       736       402         Packing materials       64       121         Finished goods       367       569         Total (A)       4,121       4,384         Goods-in-transit:         Raw materials       7       3         Coal       4       19         Total (B)       11       22         Total inventories (A+B)       4,406				
Prepaid expenses       227       168         Balances with government authorities       53       1,429         Incentives receivable from government       9       68         Total       799       2,044         Total other assets       1,840       2,901         Total other assets       1,840       2,901         Total other assets       208       179         Coal       953       1,935         Work-in-progress       1,793       1,178         Stores and spares       736       402         Packing materials       64       121         Finished goods       367       569         Total (A)       4,121       4,384         Goods-in-transit:         Raw materials       7       3         Coal       4       19         Total (B)       11       22         Total inventories (A+B)       4,132       4,406		<u>Current</u>		
Balances with government authorities   53   1,429   10centives receivable from government   9   68   799   2,044   799   2,044   799   2,044   799   7,840   799   7,840   7,901   7,840   7,901   7,840   7,901   7,840   7,901   7,840   7,901   7		Advances to suppliers and service providers	510	379
Incentives receivable from government   9   68   799   2,044   799   2,044   799   2,044   799   2,044   701   7		Prepaid expenses	227	168
Total         799         2,044           Total other assets         1,840         2,901           7         Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)           Raw materials         208         179           Coal         953         1,935           Work-in-progress         1,793         1,178           Stores and spares         736         402           Packing materials         64         121           Finished goods         367         569           Total (A)         4,121         4,384           Goods-in-transit:         7         3           Raw materials         7         3           Coal         4         19           Total (B)         11         22           Total inventories (A+B)         4,132         4,406		Balances with government authorities		1,429
Total other assets 1,840 2,901  7 Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value) Raw materials 208 179 Coal 953 1,935 Work-in-progress 1,793 1,178 Stores and spares 736 402 Packing materials 64 121 Finished goods 367 569 Total (A) 4,121 4,384  Goods-in-transit: Raw materials 7 3 3 Coal 4 19 Total (B) 11 22 Total inventories (A+B) 4,406				
Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)   Raw materials   208   179     Coal   953   1,935     Work-in-progress   1,793   1,178     Stores and spares   736   402     Packing materials   64   121     Finished goods   367   569     Total (A)   4,121   4,384     Goods-in-transit:   7   3     Coal   4   19     Total (B)   11   22     Total inventories (A+B)   4,432   4,406     Coal   1,432   4,406     Coal   1,434   4,406     Co		Total	799	2,044
Inventories (at lower of cost and net realisable value)   Raw materials   208   179     Coal   953   1,935     Work-in-progress   1,793   1,178     Stores and spares   736   402     Packing materials   64   121     Finished goods   367   569     Total (A)   4,121   4,384     Goods-in-transit:   7   3     Coal   4   19     Total (B)   11   22     Total inventories (A+B)   4,432   4,406     Coal   1,432   4,406     Coal   1,434   4,406     Co				
Raw materials       208       179         Coal       953       1,935         Work-in-progress       1,793       1,178         Stores and spares       736       402         Packing materials       64       121         Finished goods       367       569         Total (A)       4,121       4,384         Goods-in-transit:         Raw materials       7       3         Coal       4       19         Total (B)       11       22         Total inventories (A+B)       4,132       4,406		Total other assets	1,840	2,901
Raw materials       208       179         Coal       953       1,935         Work-in-progress       1,793       1,178         Stores and spares       736       402         Packing materials       64       121         Finished goods       367       569         Total (A)       4,121       4,384         Goods-in-transit:         Raw materials       7       3         Coal       4       19         Total (B)       11       22         Total inventories (A+B)       4,132       4,406				
Coal       953       1,935         Work-in-progress       1,793       1,178         Stores and spares       736       402         Packing materials       64       121         Finished goods       367       569         Total (A)       4,121       4,384         Goods-in-transit:         Raw materials       7       3         Coal       4       19         Total (B)       11       22         Total inventories (A+B)       4,132       4,406	7			
Work-in-progress       1,793       1,178         Stores and spares       736       402         Packing materials       64       121         Finished goods       367       569         Total (A)       4,121       4,384         Goods-in-transit:         Raw materials       7       3         Coal       4       19         Total (B)       11       22         Total inventories (A+B)       4,132       4,406				
Stores and spares       736       402         Packing materials       64       121         Finished goods       367       569         Total (A)       4,121       4,384         Goods-in-transit:         Raw materials       7       3         Coal       4       19         Total (B)       11       22         Total inventories (A+B)       4,132       4,406				
Packing materials       64       121         Finished goods       367       569         Total (A)       4,121       4,384         Goods-in-transit:         Raw materials       7       3         Coal       4       19         Total (B)       11       22         Total inventories (A+B)       4,132       4,406		· ·		
Finished goods Total (A)  Goods-in-transit: Raw materials Coal Total (B) Total inventories (A+B)  367 569 7 569 4,121 4,384  4,121 1,384  4,121 1,384  4,121 1,384  4,121 1,384  4,121 1,384 1,3				
Total (A)       4,121       4,384         Goods-in-transit:       Raw materials       7       3         Coal       4       19         Total (B)       11       22         Total inventories (A+B)       4,132       4,406		<u> </u>		
Goods-in-transit:       7       3         Raw materials       7       3         Coal       4       19         Total (B)       11       22         Total inventories (A+B)       4,132       4,406				
Raw materials       7       3         Coal       4       19         Total (B)       11       22         Total inventories (A+B)       4,132       4,406		iotal (A)	4,121	4,304
Raw materials       7       3         Coal       4       19         Total (B)       11       22         Total inventories (A+B)       4,132       4,406		Goods in transity		
Coal       4       19         Total (B)       11       22         Total inventories (A+B)       4,132       4,406			7	2
Total (B)         11         22           Total inventories (A+B)         4,132         4,406				
Total inventories (A+B) 4,132 4,406				
		Total inventories (A+B)	4,132	4,406
			.,132	.,400
		the state of the s		

Sagar Cements (M) Private Limited (Formerly known as Satguru Cement Private Limited) CIN: U26942MP2001PTC014599

Note: Margin money deposits with banks are against bank guarantees

Notes to the financial statements

Trade receivables considered good - Secured Trade receivables which have girlifectant increase in credit risk 1.1 Trade receivables which have girlifectant increase in credit risk 1.2 Sub-total Ideas Provision for impairment Total trade receivables - servision grade good - Secured Trade receivables are due from director, or other officers of the Company either severally or jaintly with any other person nor any trade or other receivables are due from firms or companies respectably in which any director is a partner, a director or a membra of the Company either severally or jaintly with any other person nor any trade or other receivables are due from firms or companies respectably in which any director is a garant, and increase in credit risk and the company either severally or jaintly with any other person nor any trade or other receivables are due from firms or companies respectably in which any director is a garant person or any trade or other receivables are due from firms or companies respectably in which any director is a garant person or any trade or other receivables are due from firms or companies respectably in which any director is a garant person or any trade or other receivables are due from firms or companies respectably in which any director is a garant person or any trade or other receivables are due from firms or companies respectably in the receivables are due and person or any trade or other receivables are due from firms or companies respectably in the receivables are due from firms or companies respectably in the receivables are due from firms or companies respectably in the receivables are due from firms or companies and from firms or companies and from firms or companies are due from firms or companies and from firms or companies and from firms or companies for forms or companies from due date of payment  Total  Outstanding for following periods from due date o	lo.	ı	Particulars				As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 20	
Trade receivables considered good. Securing 1921 Trade receivables considered good. Unbescured Trade receivables unbest part of processors of the company of	Trade Receivables						Warti 31, 2024	IVIAICII 31, 2	
Trade receivables which have significant increase in credit risk Tode receivables — conditional part of the control of the con							307		
Trade northwales - conditinguished  Less Projection for impairment  Total reder eccivables  Notes  Notes  Total reder eccivables are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person nor any trade or other receivables are due from firms or companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.  Trade receivables are piedged against berrowings of the Company fieler near 124 and 1389.  The Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historic to account historic company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables and adaptive of however dupling information. The expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables and adaptive of however dupling information. The expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables and adaptive of however dupling information. The expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables are due and their datas as per the provision matrix takes into account historic company has used a practical expedient by computing information. The expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables and adaptive of however dupling informations in the provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historic dupling information in the provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historic dupling the receivables.  Particulars  Not Dor  Less than 6 months   Minorial 1, 2 years   2 years   2 years   More than 3 years   Total   10 years   10	Trade receivables considered good - Unsecured						511		
Sub-total  Items: Provision for impairment  Items: Ite	Trade receivables which have significant increase in cre	edit risk					-		
Less: Provision for impairment Trotal trade receivables are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or pinity with any other person nor any trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or pinity with any other person nor any trade or other receivables are due from firms or compenies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.  Trade receivables are pledged against borowings of the Company (lefter note 13A and 13B).  The Company has used a practical expedient by companing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables hased on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historic loss experience and deplaced for foreward polonic information. The expected credit loss allowance in the ageing of the days the receivables are due and the rates as per the provision mataging of the accessivables.  Particulars  Not Due  Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment  Total  (I) Undisputed Trade receivables  - credit impaired  - credit impair	Trade receivables - credit impaired						12		
Notate continues and adjusted for forward looking information. The company either severally or jointly with any other person nor any trade or other receivables are due from firms or companier respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.  Trade receivables are pledged against himself in the provision of the Company fielder note 118 and 138).  The Company has used a practical expression in the company fielder note 118 and 138.  The Company has used a practical expression from the september by companing the expression or agent from the agenge of the days the receivables are due and the rates as port the provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historic look expression and significant for forward looking information. The expected credit look allowance in based on the agenge of the cases are due and the rates as port the provision matrix takes into account historic look expression and adjusted for forward looking information. The expected credit look allowance in based on the agenge of the days the receivables are due and the rates as port the provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historic look expression and adjusted from due date of payment.  Particulars  Not Due  Less than 6 months   Genoths 1 year   \$2 years   \$2 years   \$0 were than 3 years   \$1 \\  10 Undisputed Trade receivables   \$0 \\  10 Undisputed	Sub-total						830		
Notes:  No trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person nor any trade or other receivables are due from firms or companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.  Trade receivables are pledged against borrowings of the Company (Refer note 13A and 13B).  The Company has used a practical expedient by companing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historic on control and adusted for foreival loss fall formation. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the days the receivables are due and the rates as per the provision and graphs of the days the receivables are due and the rates as per the provision and graphs of the days the receivables are due and the rates as per the provision and graphs of the days the receivables are due and the rates as per the provision and graphs of the receivables are due and the rates as per the provision and graphs of the days the receivables are due and the rates as per the provision and graphs of the days the receivables are due and the rates as per the provision and graphs.  Particulars  Not Due  Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment  Total  (i) Undisputed Trade receivables  - credit impaired									
No trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person nor any trade or other receivables are due from firms or companies respectively in within any other person in part and or other receivables are due from firms or companies respectively in within any other person or any trade or other receivables are due from firms or companies. The provision matrix takes into account historic loss experience and objected for forward fooling information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historic loss experience and objected for forward fooling information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the receivables are due and the rates as per the provision material receivables.  Particulars  Not Due    Particulars	Total trade receivables						818		
Companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.  Tride receivables are pleaded against borrowings of the Company (Refer note 13A and 13B).  The Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical coepidates for forward looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the delay the receivables are due and the rates as per the provision matrix and the rates and the rates as per the provision matrix and the rates and the rates and the rates and the rates	Notes:								
Trade receivables are piedged against borrowings of the Company (Refer note 13A and 13B).  The Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade neceivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historic loss sequence and adjusted for forward folding information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the days the receivables are due and the rates as per the provision matageing of the receivables is as follows:  PY 2023-24:  Particulars  Not Due    Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment   Less than 6 months   1 year   1.2 years   2.3 years   More than 3 years									
The Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historic loss sequence and adjusted for forward looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the clays the receivables are due and the ratex as per the provision matageing of the receivables is as follows:  PY 2023-24:  Particulars Not Due Less than 6 months 6 months - 1 year 1 - 1 - 2 years 2 - 3 years More than 3 years 1 or 10 Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -									
Particulars   Not Due   Less than 6 months   For months - 1 year   1-2 years   2-3 years   More than 3 years	The Company has used a practical expedient by comploss experience and adjusted for forward looking infor	puting the expected	credit loss allowance f						
Particulars   Not Due   Less than 6 months   For months - 1 year   1-2 years   2-3 years   More than 3 years	EV 2023-24:								
Less than 6 months   Genoths - 1 year   1-2 years   2-3 years   More than 3 years		Not Due		Outstanding for follo	owing periods from	due date of payment	t	Total	
		Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
which have significant increase in credit risk () Undisputed Trade receivables		772	22	12	10	1	_		
Gil Undisputed Trade receivables	<del>-</del>						-		
- credit impaired			-	-	-	-	_		
Which have significant increase in credit risk   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -			_	_	_	_	12		
(iii) Disputed Trade receivables considered good which have significant increase in credit risk coefficients of the second coeffi	•	- I -			_		-		
- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired  Total  FY 2022-23:  Particulars  Not Due    Considered good   Less than 6 months   Gmonths - 1 year   3-2 years   More than 3 years									
- which have significant increase in credit risk		I _	_	_	_	_	_		
Credit impaired		I _	_	_	_	_	_		
Particulars		I -	_	_	-	_	_		
FY 2022-23:  Particulars  Not Due    Class than 6 months   6 months - 1 year   1-2 years   2-3 years   More than 3 years   Total	·	772	23	12	10	1	12		
Particulars Not Due Custanding for following periods from due date of payment Less than 6 months   S months - 1 year   1-2 years   2-3 years   More than 3 years    (i) Undisputed Trade receivables			•			•			
Considered good   Considered	FY 2022-23:		Т	O		d d.kf			
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables - considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk	Particulars	Not Due						Total	
- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk	(:) Hadisan And Tanda anni india	<del></del>	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		
- which have significant increase in credit risk  (ii) Undisputed Trade receivables - credit impaired - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - credit impair		200	16	40					
(ii) Undisputed Trade receivables - credit impaired - which have significant increase in credit risk	<del>-</del>					-	-		
- credit impaired - which have significant increase in credit risk - which have significant increase in credit risk - considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - considered good - considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - considered good - consider			-	-	-	-	-		
- which have significant increase in credit risk		I					12		
(iii) Disputed Trade receivables - considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - credit inspaired - credit inspaire	•	- I	_	-	-	-			
- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired - credit increase in credit risk - credit impaired - credit impaired - credit impaired - credit impaired - credit increase in credit risk - credit impaired - cre			-	-	-	-	-		
- which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired	(iii) Disputed Trade receivables	I		_	_	_	_		
- credit impaired									
Total 390 16 48 12  Movement in expected credit loss allowance  Particulars  Particulars  Particulars  For the year ended March 31, 2024  Particulars  Particulars  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  Mar	- considered good	-	-	_	-	-			
Particulars  Particulars  For the year ended March 31, 2024  Balance at the beginning of the year Less: Expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the end of the year  Balance at the end of the year  Particulars  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  Cash and cash equivalents  Cash in hand  Cash in hand  Balances with banks  Total Cash and cash equivalents  Other bank balances  Margin money deposits (Refer note below)  For the year ended March 31, 2024  For the year ended March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  March 31, 2024  For the year ended March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  March 31, 2024  For the year ended March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  Marc	<ul> <li>considered good</li> <li>which have significant increase in credit risk</li> </ul>	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Particulars  Particulars  For the year ended March 31, 2024  Balance at the beginning of the year Less: Expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the end of the year  Balance at the end of the year  Particulars  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  Cash and cash equivalents  Cash in hand  Cash in hand  Balances with banks  Total Cash and cash equivalents  Other bank balances  Margin money deposits (Refer note below)  For the year ended March 31, 2024  For the year ended March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  March 31, 2024  For the year ended March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  March 31, 2024  For the year ended March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  Marc	<ul> <li>considered good</li> <li>which have significant increase in credit risk</li> <li>credit impaired</li> </ul>	390	- - - 16	- - 48	-	-	- - 12		
Balance at the beginning of the year  Less: Expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the end of the year  Particulars  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  March 31, 2024  As at March 31, 2024  March 31, 20	- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired Total	390	16	- - 48	-	-	12		
Less: Expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the end of the year  Particulars  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  March 31, 2024  March 31, 2024  March 31, 2024  Cash and cash equivalents  Cash in hand Balances with banks  Total Cash and cash equivalents  Other bank balances  Margin money deposits (Refer note below)  715	- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired Total			- - 48	-		For the year ended		
Balance at the end of the year 12  Particulars  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024  March 31, 2	- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired  Total  Movement in expected credit loss allowance			- - 48	-		For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year o	
Particulars  Particulars  As at March 31, 2024	- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired  Total  Movement in expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the beginning of the year			- - 48	-	-	For the year ended March 31, 2024		
Particulars  March 31, 2024  M	- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired  Total  Movement in expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the beginning of the year Less: Expected credit loss allowance			- - 48	-	-	For the year ended March 31, 2024		
Particulars  March 31, 2024  M	- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired  Total  Movement in expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the beginning of the year Less: Expected credit loss allowance			- - 48	-	-	For the year ended March 31, 2024		
Cash and cash equivalents Cash in hand Balances with banks Total Cash and cash equivalents  Other bank balances Margin money deposits (Refer note below)  March 31, 2024  Mar	- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired  Total  Movement in expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the beginning of the year Less: Expected credit loss allowance			- - 48	-	-	For the year ended March 31, 2024		
Cash in hand Balances with banks 64  Total Cash and cash equivalents 64  Other bank balances Margin money deposits (Refer note below) 715	- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired  Total  Movement in expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the beginning of the year Less: Expected credit loss allowance	ı	Particulars	48	-	-	For the year ended March 31, 2024 12 - 12 As at	March 31,	
Balances with banks  Total Cash and cash equivalents  Other bank balances  Margin money deposits (Refer note below)  64  64  715	- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired  Total  Movement in expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the beginning of the year Less: Expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the end of the year	ı	Particulars	- - 48	-	-	For the year ended March 31, 2024 12 - 12 As at	March 31,	
Total Cash and cash equivalents  Other bank balances  Margin money deposits (Refer note below)  715	- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired  Total  Movement in expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the beginning of the year Less: Expected credit loss allowance Balance at the end of the year	ı	Particulars	48	-	-	For the year ended March 31, 2024 12 - 12 As at	March 31, 2	
Other bank balances Margin money deposits (Refer note below) 715	- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired  Total  Movement in expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the beginning of the year Less: Expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the end of the year  Cash and cash equivalents  Cash in hand	ı	Particulars	48	-	-	For the year ended March 31, 2024  12 - 12 12 As at March 31, 2024	March 31, 2	
Margin money deposits (Refer note below) 715	- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired  Total  Movement in expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the beginning of the year Less: Expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the end of the year  Cash and cash equivalents Cash in hand Balances with banks	ı	Particulars	48	-		For the year ended March 31, 2024  12  12  12  As at March 31, 2024	March 31,	
	- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired  Total  Movement in expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the beginning of the year Less: Expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the end of the year  Cash and cash equivalents Cash in hand Balances with banks	ı	Particulars	48	-	-	For the year ended March 31, 2024  12  12  12  As at March 31, 2024	March 31, 2	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- considered good - which have significant increase in credit risk - credit impaired  Total  Movement in expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the beginning of the year Less: Expected credit loss allowance  Balance at the end of the year  Cash and cash equivalents  Cash in hand  Balances with banks  Total Cash and cash equivalents	ı	Particulars	48	-	-	For the year ended March 31, 2024  12  12  12  As at March 31, 2024	March 31, 2	

All amounts are in  $\P$  Lakhs unless otherwise stated

<b>)</b> .	Particulars			As at March	31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023		
1	Particulars			No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount	
E	quity share capital							
4	Authorised:							
Е	Equity shares of ₹ 10 each (March 31, 2023: Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	n)		60,00,000	600	60,00,000	60	
Ŀ	ssued, subscribed and fully paid:							
E	equity shares ₹ 10 each (March 31, 2023: Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each)			50,36,573	504	50,36,573	50	
	Notes:		. 1 . 6 . 1					
(	a) Reconciliation of equity shares and amount outstanding at the be	eginning and at the ei	nd of the year:	As at March	21 2024	As at March	21 2022	
	Particulars			No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount	
C	Opening Balance			50,36,573	504	50,36,573	50	
_	Shares issued during the year			-	-	-	-	
4	Closing Balance			50,36,573	504	50,36,573	5	
t	Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders, except in case he Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution of all preferential amounts.  C) Details of shares held by the Holding Company:  Name of the shareholder			r of equity shares held by As at March No. of shares	the shareholders.  31, 2024 % of holding	As at March No. of shares	n 31, 2023 % of holding	
() S S C B	agar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder  Sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  Samrath Investrade LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Badrilal Bansal	e Company:		As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900	% of holding 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900	131, 2023 % of holding 65. 8. 7. 5.	
() S S S C B	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders samrath Investrade LLP Chetak Capital Services LLP	e Company:		As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900	31, 2024 % of holding 65.00% 8.14% 7.25%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900	131, 2023 % of holding 65.1 8.3 7.3 5.5	
() S S S C E F	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder  Sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  Samrath Investrade LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Badrilal Bansal			As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900	31, 2024 % of holding 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900	<b>131, 2023 % of holding</b> 65.6  8.3  7.2	
() S S C E F	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder  Sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  Samrath Investrade LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Sadrilal Bansal  Rajesh Bansal	nge during the year:	As at March 31, 202	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	31, 2024 % of holding 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900		
() S S C E F	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder  Sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  Samrath Investrade LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Sadrilal Bansal  Rajesh Bansal	nge during the year:	As at March 31, 202 % of total shares	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	31, 2024 % of holding 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	<b>131, 2023 % of holding</b> 65.0 8.1 7.2 5.1	
() SS CO E F	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder Sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders Gamrath Investrade LLP Chetak Capital Services LLP Badrilal Bansal Rajesh Bansal e) Details of shares held by the promoters in the Company and chan	nge during the year:		As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,99,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000  As at March 31, 2023	**************************************	
() S S C E F	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder  sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  samrath Investrade LLP  chetak Capital Services LLP  sadrial Bansal  tajesh Bansal  e) Details of shares held by the promoters in the Company and chan	nge during the year:  No. of Shares	% of total shares	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	31, 2024 % of holding 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% No. of Shares	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000  As at March 31, 2023 % of total shares	**************************************	
() S S S C E F	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder  Sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  Samrath Investrade LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Sadrilal Bansal  Sajesh Bansal  e) Details of shares held by the promoters in the Company and chan  Promoter Name	nge during the year:  No. of Shares  32,73,770	% of total shares	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	131, 2024 % of holding 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% No. of Shares 32,73,770	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000  As at March 31, 2023 % of total shares 65.00%	**************************************	
() S S S C F F	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder  Sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  Samrath Investrade LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Sadrilal Bansal  Rajesh Bansal  e) Details of shares held by the promoters in the Company and chan  Promoter Name  Sagar Cements Limited  Samarth Investrade LLP	nge during the year:  No. of Shares  32,73,770 4,09,900	% of total shares 65.00% 8.14%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	9 31, 2024 % of holding 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% No. of Shares 32,73,770 4,09,900	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000  As at March 31, 2023 % of total shares 65.00% 8.14%	**************************************	
() S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder  Sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  Samrath Investrade LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Sadrilal Bansal  Lajesh Bansal  Promoter Name  Sagar Cements Limited  Samrath Investrade LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP	No. of Shares 32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900	% of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	% of holding 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% No. of Shares 32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900	As at Marct No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000  As at March 31, 2023 % of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25%	**************************************	
() S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder  Sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  Samrath Investrade LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Badrilal Bansal  Rajesh Bansal  e) Details of shares held by the promoters in the Company and chan  Promoter Name  Sagar Cements Limited  Samarth Investrade LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Badrilal Bansal	No. of Shares 32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900	% of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	% of holding 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% No. of Shares 32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900	As at Marct No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000  As at March 31, 2023 % of total shares 65,00% 8.14% 7,25% 5.12%	**************************************	
() S S C E F	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder  Sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  samrath Investrade LLP  chetak Capital Services LLP  sadrilal Bansal  lajesh Bansal  e) Details of shares held by the promoters in the Company and chan  Promoter Name  Sagar Cements Limited  samarth Investrade LLP  chetak Capital Services LLP  sadrilal Bansal  sajesh Bansal	No. of Shares 32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	% of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	131, 2024 % of holding 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% No. of Shares 32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,99,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000  As at March 31, 2023 % of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.04%	**************************************	
() S S C E F C E F V C C	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder  Sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  Samrath Investrade LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Badrilal Bansal  Rajesh Bansal  Promoter Name  Sagar Cements Limited  Samrath Investrade LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Sadarilal Bansal  Sagar Cements Limited  Samrath Investrade LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Sadarilal Bansal  Sajesh Bansal  Sajesh Bansal	No. of Shares  32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000 94,700	% of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	8.1, 2024  % of holding 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04%  No. of Shares 32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000 94,700	As at Marct No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000  As at March 31, 2023 % of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88%	**************************************	
() S S S C E E F I V C M	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder  Sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  samrath Investrade LLP  chetak Capital Services LLP  sadrilal Bansal  lajesh Bansal  e) Details of shares held by the promoters in the Company and chan  Promoter Name  sagar Cements Limited  samarth Investrade LLP  chetak Capital Services LLP  sadrilal Bansal  salesh Bansal  sarsha Bansal  sarsha Bansal  chandrakala Bansal	No. of Shares 32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000 94,700 92,800 91,500	% of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88% 1.84%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	No. of Shares  32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000 94,700 92,800 91,500	As at Marct No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000  As at March 31, 2023 % of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88% 1.84%	**************************************	
S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Name of the shareholder sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders samrath Investrade LLP Chetak Capital Services LLP Badrilal Bansal lajesh Bansal e) Details of shares held by the promoters in the Company and chan Promoter Name  Sagar Cements Limited samarth Investrade LLP Chetak Capital Services LLP Badrilal Bansal Rajesh Bansal Rajesh Bansal Arasha Bansal Mamta Bansal Mamta Bansal Mamta Bansal Manta Bansal Manta Bansal Manta Bansal Manta Bansal	No. of Shares  32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 94,700 92,800	% of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88% 1.84% 1.82%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	No. of Shares  32,73,770 4,09,900 2,54,000 94,700 92,800	As at Marct No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000  As at March 31, 2023 % of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88% 1.84% 1.82%	**************************************	
S S C E F F V C M M E E	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder  Sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  Samrath Investrade LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Badrilal Bansal  Rajesh Bansal  Promoter Name  Sagar Cements Limited  Samrath Investrade LLP  Chetak Capital Services LLP  Badrilal Bansal  Rajesh Bansal	No. of Shares  32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000 94,700 92,800 91,500 89,800 79,300	% of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88% 1.84% 1.82% 1.78%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	81, 2024  % of holding 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04%  No. of Shares 32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000 94,700 92,800 91,500 89,800 79,300	As at Marct No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000  As at March 31, 2023 % of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88% 1.84% 1.82% 1.78% 1.78%	**************************************	
) SSC EF V O M M EE	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Name of the shareholder sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders samrath Investrade LLP chetak Capital Services LLP sadrilal Bansal tajesh Bansal e) Details of shares held by the promoters in the Company and chan Promoter Name sagar Cements Limited samarth Investrade LLP chetak Capital Services LLP sadrilal Bansal sadrilal Bansal sarsha Bansal chandrakala Bansal sadrilal Bansal (Satguru Infrastructure) B.L.Bansal — HUF	No. of Shares  32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 94,700 94,700 91,500 89,800 79,300 10,000	% of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88% 1.84% 1.82% 1.78% 0.20%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	No. of Shares  32,73,770 4,09,900 2,54,000 94,700 99,800 91,500 89,800 79,300 10,000	As at Marct No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000  As at March 31, 2023 % of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88% 1.84% 1.82% 1.78% 0.20%	**************************************	
	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder  lagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  lagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  lagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  lagar Cements Limited  l	No. of Shares  32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000 94,700 92,800 91,500 89,800 79,300 10,000 10,000	% of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88% 1.82% 1.78% 0.20% 0.20%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	No. of Shares  32,73,770 4,09,900 2,54,000 94,700 92,800 91,500 89,800 79,300 10,000	As at Marct No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000  As at March 31, 2023 % of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88% 1.82% 1.78% 1.57% 0.20%	**************************************	
	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Name of the shareholder sagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders samrath Investrade LLP chetak Capital Services LLP sadrial Bansal sajesh Bansal e) Details of shares held by the promoters in the Company and chan Promoter Name  Sagar Cements Limited samarth Investrade LLP chetak Capital Services LLP sadrial Bansal sajesh Bansal sajesh Bansal dajesh Bansal dajesh Bansal damathal Bansal damathal Bansal sadriala Bansal (Satguru Infrastructure) Badriala Bansal (Satguru Infrastructure) Balbansal – HUF sajesh Bansal – HUF sajesh Bansal – HUF	No. of Shares  32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 94,700 92,800 91,500 89,800 79,300 10,000 10,000 8,000	% of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88% 1.82% 1.78% 0.20% 0.20% 0.16%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	No. of Shares  32,73,770 4,09,900 2,57,900 2,54,000 94,700 92,800 79,300 10,000 10,000 8,000	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000  As at March 31, 2023 % of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88% 1.84% 1.82% 1.78% 1.57% 0.20% 0.20% 0.16%	**************************************	
	d) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the  Name of the shareholder  lagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  lagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  lagar Cements Limited and its nominee shareholders  lagar Cements Limited  l	No. of Shares  32,73,770 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000 94,700 92,800 91,500 89,800 79,300 10,000 10,000	% of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88% 1.82% 1.78% 0.20% 0.20%	As at March No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000	No. of Shares  32,73,770 4,09,900 2,54,000 94,700 92,800 91,500 89,800 79,300 10,000	As at Marct No. of shares 32,73,773 4,09,900 3,64,900 2,57,900 2,54,000  As at March 31, 2023 % of total shares 65.00% 8.14% 7.25% 5.12% 5.04% 1.88% 1.82% 1.78% 1.57% 0.20%	**************************************	

(f) There are no shares allotted as fully paid-up by way of bonus shares or allotted as fully paid-up pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash, or bought back during the period of five year immediately preceding the reporting date.

All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

Note No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
12	Other equity		
	Deemed investment in equity	470	470
	Securities premium	17,912	17,912
	Retained earnings	(10,262)	(8,794)
	Other items of other comprehensive income	12	4
	Total other equity	8,132	9,592
	Movement in other equity is as follows:		
	Post Los	As at	As at
	Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
	(a) Deemed investment in equity (Refer note 35)	470	470
	(b) Securities premium		
	(i) Opening balance	17,912	17,912
	(ii) Premium on issue of equity shares	-	· -
		17,912	17,912
	(c) Retained earnings		
	(i) Opening balance	(8,794)	(2,984)
	(ii) Loss for the year	(1,468)	(5,810)
	(II) LOSS for the year	(10,262)	(8,794)
	Less: Appropriations	(10,202)	(0,754)
	(i) Dividend on equity shares	_	-
	(i) Direction on equity strates	(10,262)	(8,794)
	(d) Other items of other comprehensive income		
	(i) Opening balance	4	3
	(ii) Other comprehensive income for the year	8	1
		12	4
	Total	8,132	9,592

### Nature of reserves:

### (a) Deemed investment in equity

Deemed investment in equity represents the gain on account of corporate guarantee given by Sagar Cements Limited (Holding Company).

### (b) Securities premium

Amounts received on issue of shares in excess of the par value has been classified as securities premium. The utilisation of securities premium is governed by the Section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

### (c) Retained earnings

Retained earnings comprises of prior years undistributed earnings after taxes.

### (d) Other items of other comprehensive income

Other items of other comprehensive income consist of re-measurement of net defined benefit liability.

Sagar Cements (M) Private Limited (Formerly known as Satguru Cement Private Limited) CIN: U26942MP2001PTC014599
Notes to the financial statements

interest @ 9.25% p.a. to 9.40% p.a. (2022-23: 7.80% p.a. to 9.25% p.a.).

3. The Company has used the borrowings for the purposes for which it was taken.

4. The quarterly returns of current assets filed by the Company with banks are in agreement with the books of account.

All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

te No.	Particulars		As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
13A	Non current borrowings* (Secured, at amortised cost)			
	Term loans (Refer note below)		28,080	31,952
	Total non-current borrowings		28.080	31,952
	<b>.</b>			55,455
	*Current maturities of non-current borrowings have been disclosed under the head "Current b	orrowings".	•	
	Notes:			
	As at March 31 ,2024:			
	Bank	Loan outstanding	Terms of repayment	Rate of interest
	Yes Bank Limited (Refer note 1 below)	13,866	30 quarterly instalments	10.65
	State Bank of India (Refer note 2 below)	18,102	30 quarterly instalments	10.50
	Less: Current maturities of non-current borrowings	(3,888)		
	Total	28,080		
	As at March 31, 2023:			
	Bank	Loan outstanding	Terms of repayment	Rate of interest
	Yes Bank Limited (Refer note 1 below)	15,249	33 quarterly instalments	9.65
	State Bank of India (Refer note 2 below)	19,939	33 quarterly instalments	10.15
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Less: Current maturities of non-current horrowings	(3.236)		
	Less: Current maturities of non-current borrowings	(3,236)		
	Less: Current maturities of non-current borrowings  Total  Notes:  1. Term loan is secured by first pari-passu charge on the property, plant and equipment owner all rights, title, interests, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the Company in the property in the property of the Company in the property in the property of the Company in the property in the property of the Company in the property in the property in the property of the Company in the property in the property in the property of the Company in the property in the property of the Company in the property in the property in the property of the Company in the property in the property of the Company in the property in the property of the Company in the Property of the Comp	31,952 and by or belonging to the Comproject documents and in the ty shares and Non Disposable	clearances. First pari-passu e Undertaking (NDU) for the l	charge on all the insurance balance shareholding of the
	Notes:  1. Term loan is secured by first pari-passu charge on the property, plant and equipment owner all rights, title, interests, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the Company in the pronteracts/ insurance proceeds of property, plant and equipment and pledged 15,10,972 equipment company held by Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second of Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited.  2. Term loan is secured by first pari-passu charge on the property, plant and equipment (include Company both present and future. First pari-passu charge on all rights, title, interests, be excluding mining land. First pari-passu charge on all the insurance contracts/ insurance procompany held by Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second	at by or belonging to the Comproject documents and in the ity shares and Non Disposable harge on the current assets of uding 30 Acres of project leadenerits, claims and demands ceeds of property, plant and pari-passu charge on the current assets of the current and pari-passu charge on the current and pari-	clearances. First pari-passu e Undertaking (NDU) for the the Company and are guaran see land excluding mining land whatsoever of the Company equipment and pledged 15,	charge on all the insurance balance shareholding of the steed by Dr S. Anand Redd I) owned by or belonging by in the project document 10,972 equity shares of the
	Notes:  1. Term loan is secured by first pari-passu charge on the property, plant and equipment owner all rights, title, interests, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the Company in the pronteracts/ insurance proceeds of property, plant and equipment and pledged 15,10,972 equipment owner and by Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second of Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited.  2. Term loan is secured by first pari-passu charge on the property, plant and equipment (include Company both present and future. First pari-passu charge on all rights, title, interests, be excluding mining land. First pari-passu charge on all the insurance contracts/ insurance pro	at by or belonging to the Comproject documents and in the ity shares and Non Disposable harge on the current assets of uding 30 Acres of project leadenerits, claims and demands ceeds of property, plant and pari-passu charge on the current assets of the current and pari-passu charge on the current and pari-	clearances. First pari-passu e Undertaking (NDU) for the the Company and are guaran see land excluding mining land whatsoever of the Company equipment and pledged 15,	charge on all the insurance balance shareholding of the steed by Dr S. Anand Redd I) owned by or belonging by in the project document 10,972 equity shares of the
38	Notes:  1. Term loan is secured by first pari-passu charge on the property, plant and equipment owner all rights, title, interests, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the Company in the pronteracts/ insurance proceeds of property, plant and equipment and pledged 15,10,972 equipment owner held by Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second of Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited.  2. Term loan is secured by first pari-passu charge on the property, plant and equipment (included the Company both present and future. First pari-passu charge on all rights, title, interests, be excluding mining land. First pari-passu charge on all the insurance contracts/ insurance procompany held by Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited.	at by or belonging to the Comproject documents and in the ity shares and Non Disposable harge on the current assets of uding 30 Acres of project leadenerits, claims and demands ceeds of property, plant and pari-passu charge on the current assets of the current and pari-passu charge on the current and pari-	clearances. First pari-passu e Undertaking (NDU) for the the Company and are guaran see land excluding mining land whatsoever of the Company equipment and pledged 15,	charge on all the insurance balance shareholding of the steed by Dr S. Anand Redd I) owned by or belonging by in the project document 10,972 equity shares of the
ВВ	Notes:  1. Term loan is secured by first pari-passu charge on the property, plant and equipment owner all rights, title, interests, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the Company in the pronteracts/ insurance proceeds of property, plant and equipment and pledged 15,10,972 equipment owner and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited. Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited.  2. Term loan is secured by first pari-passu charge on the property, plant and equipment (include Company both present and future. First pari-passu charge on all rights, title, interests, lexcluding mining land. First pari-passu charge on all the insurance contracts/ insurance procompany held by Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and S. Sree	at by or belonging to the Comproject documents and in the ity shares and Non Disposable harge on the current assets of uding 30 Acres of project leadenerits, claims and demands ceeds of property, plant and pari-passu charge on the current assets of the current and pari-passu charge on the current and pari-	clearances. First pari-passu e Undertaking (NDU) for the the Company and are guaran see land excluding mining land whatsoever of the Company equipment and pledged 15, rent assets of the Company a	charge on all the insurance balance shareholding of the steed by Dr S. Anand Redd by Dr S. Anand Redd by Or belonging by in the project document 10,972 equity shares of the steed by Dr and are guaranteed by Dr
ВВ	Notes:  1. Term loan is secured by first pari-passu charge on the property, plant and equipment owner all rights, title, interests, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the Company in the pronteracts/ insurance proceeds of property, plant and equipment and pledged 15,10,972 equipment owner and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited. Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited.  2. Term loan is secured by first pari-passu charge on the property, plant and equipment (include Company both present and future. First pari-passu charge on all rights, title, interests, lexcluding mining land. First pari-passu charge on all the insurance contracts/ insurance procompany held by Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and S. Sree	at by or belonging to the Comproject documents and in the ity shares and Non Disposable harge on the current assets of uding 30 Acres of project leadenerits, claims and demands ceeds of property, plant and pari-passu charge on the current assets of the current and pari-passu charge on the current and pari-	clearances. First pari-passu e Undertaking (NDU) for the the Company and are guaran see land excluding mining land whatsoever of the Company equipment and pledged 15, rent assets of the Company a	charge on all the insurance balance shareholding of the steed by Dr S. Anand Redd (1) owned by or belonging by in the project document 10,972 equity shares of the steed are guaranteed by Dr (2,43)
3B	Notes:  1. Term loan is secured by first pari-passu charge on the property, plant and equipment owner all rights, title, interests, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the Company in the pronteracts/ insurance proceeds of property, plant and equipment and pledged 15,10,972 equipment owner and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited. Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited.  2. Term loan is secured by first pari-passu charge on the property, plant and equipment (include Company both present and future. First pari-passu charge on all rights, title, interests, lexcluding mining land. First pari-passu charge on all the insurance contracts/ insurance procompany held by Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and S. Sree	at by or belonging to the Comproject documents and in the ity shares and Non Disposable harge on the current assets of uding 30 Acres of project leadenerits, claims and demands ceeds of property, plant and pari-passu charge on the current assets of the current and pari-passu charge on the current and pari-	clearances. First pari-passu e Undertaking (NDU) for the the Company and are guaran see land excluding mining land whatsoever of the Company equipment and pledged 15, rent assets of the Company a	charge on all the insurance balance shareholding of the steed by Dr S. Anand Redd I) owned by or belonging by in the project document 10,972 equity shares of the
<b>3B</b>	Notes:  1. Term loan is secured by first pari-passu charge on the property, plant and equipment owner all rights, title, interests, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the Company in the pronteracts/ insurance proceeds of property, plant and equipment and pledged 15,10,972 equipment owner and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited. Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited.  2. Term loan is secured by first pari-passu charge on the property, plant and equipment (include Company both present and future. First pari-passu charge on all rights, title, interests, lexcluding mining land. First pari-passu charge on all the insurance contracts/ insurance procompany held by Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited in favour of Axis Trustee Services Limited. Second Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and S. Sree	at by or belonging to the Comproject documents and in the ity shares and Non Disposable harge on the current assets of uding 30 Acres of project leadenerits, claims and demands ceeds of property, plant and pari-passu charge on the current assets of the current and pari-passu charge on the current and pari-	clearances. First pari-passu e Undertaking (NDU) for the the Company and are guaran see land excluding mining land whatsoever of the Company equipment and pledged 15, rent assets of the Company a	charge on all the insuran balance shareholding of inteed by Dr S. Anand Red in owned by or belonging in the project document 10,972 equity shares of and are guaranteed by Dr 2,44

second pari-passu charge on movable property, plant and equipment and including equitable mortgage(EM) of 30 acres of project lease land (mining land excluded), and are guaranteed by Dr. S. Anand Reddy, Director and S. Sreekanth Reddy, Director and corporate guarantee of Sagar Cements Limited. The loans are repayable on demand and carries

Non Secu Loar Tota  Curr Inter Paya Tota  Note (Refe	rent rest accrued but not due on borrowings (Refe ables on purchase of property, plant and equi						
Secultoar Tota  Curr Inter Paya Tota  Note (Ref.	urity deposits received In from related parties (Refer note 32) In rent Irent Irent Irent ables on purchase of property, plant and equital Irent al other financial liabilities Irent al (Narch 31, 2023: ₹852)						
Loar Tota Curr Inter Paya Tota Note (Ref.	n from related parties (Refer note 32)  al  rent  rest accrued but not due on borrowings (Refe ables on purchase of property, plant and equi al  al other financial liabilities  e: Includes ₹ 1,296 (March 31, 2023: ₹ 852)						
Curr Inter Paya Tota Tota Note (Ref.	rent rent rest accrued but not due on borrowings (Refe ables on purchase of property, plant and equi al al other financial liabilities e: Includes ₹ 1,296 (March 31, 2023: ₹ 852)					501	470
Curr Inter Pays Tota Note (Refi	rent rest accrued but not due on borrowings (Refe ables on purchase of property, plant and equi al al other financial liabilities e: Includes ₹ 1,296 (March 31, 2023: ₹ 852)					5,021	5,021
Inter Paya Tota  Tota Note (Ref.	rest accrued but not due on borrowings (Refe ables on purchase of property, plant and equi al al other financial liabilities e: Includes ₹ 1,296 (March 31, 2023: ₹ 852)					5,522	5,491
Paya Tota Tota Note (Ref.	ables on purchase of property, plant and equi al al other financial liabilities e: Includes ₹ 1,296 (March 31, 2023: ₹ 852)						
Tota  Tota  Note (Ref.	al al other financial liabilities e: Includes ₹ 1,296 (March 31, 2023: ₹ 852)	pment				1,760	1,091
Tota Noto (Refe	al other financial liabilities e: Includes ₹ 1,296 (March 31, 2023: ₹ 852)					114 <b>1,874</b>	401 <b>1,492</b>
Note (Refe	e: Includes ₹ 1,296 (March 31, 2023: ₹ 852)					-,	
(Refo						7,396	6,983
		interest accrued but	not due on unsecu	red loan taken fro	om related party		
	vicione						
Grat	tuity (Refer note 30)					9	13
	npensated absences (Refer note 30)					47	37
	al provisions					56	50
N	Current						
	<del>n-current</del> tuity					7	13
	npensated absences					28	26
Tota	al					35	39
Curi	rent_						
	tuity					2	-
	npensated absences					19	11
Tota	•					21	11
	de payables al outstanding dues of micro enterprises and s	small ontorprises (M	SME) (Pofor poto 20)			3,357	265
	al outstanding dues of creditors other than m					4,769	7,430
	al trade payables	ioro cricci prises ana	oman enterprises (ne	inci note below,		8,126	7,695
	e: Includes ₹ 156 (March 31, 2023: ₹ 1,200) p	avable to related par	ty (Refer note 32).				·
	,	-, ра	., (				
	de payables ageing schedule for the year end 2023-24:	led March 31, 2024 a	and March 31, 2023:				
1112	Particulars	Not due	Outstandir	ng for following p	eriods from due	date of payment	Total
			Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 year	More than 3 years	
	/ISME	1,285	2,072	-	-	-	3,357
	Others	4,673	93	1	2	-	4.760
	Disputed dues - MSME						4,769
	•	-	-	-	-	-	4,769 -
(iv) I	Disputed dues - Others	5,958	2,165	- - 1	-	- -	- -
Tota	Disputed dues - Others al	- - 5,958	2,165	- -	-		4,769 - - - 8,126
Tota	Disputed dues - Others	5,958	·	1	- - 2	-	- -
Tota	Disputed dues - Others al	5,958 Not due	Outstandir	- 1 1 ng for following p	- 2 eriods from due	- date of payment	- -
Tota	Disputed dues - Others al		·	1	- - 2	-	- - 8,126
FY 2	Disputed dues - Others al 2022-23: Particulars	Not due	Outstandir Less than 1 year	- 1 1 ng for following p	- 2 eriods from due	- date of payment	- - 8,126 Total
(i) N (ii) C (iii) I	Disputed dues - Others  al  2022-23:  Particulars  VISME  Others  Disputed dues - MSME	Not due  124 2,735	Outstandir Less than 1 year	og for following p	- 2 eriods from due	- date of payment	- - 8,126 Total
(i) M (ii) C (iii) I (iv) I	Disputed dues - Others  al  2022-23:  Particulars  MSME  Others  Disputed dues - MSME  Disputed dues - Others	Not due  124 2,735	Outstandir Less than 1 year 141 4,693 -	ng for following p  1-2 years  2	eriods from due 2-3 year	date of payment  More than 3 years	Total 265 7,430
(i) N (ii) C (iii) I	Disputed dues - Others  al  2022-23:  Particulars  MSME  Others  Disputed dues - MSME  Disputed dues - Others	Not due  124 2,735	Outstandir Less than 1 year 141 4,693	og for following p	eriods from due 2-3 year	date of payment  More than 3 years	70tal 265 7,430
(i) M (ii) C (iii) I (iv) I	Disputed dues - Others  al  2022-23:  Particulars  MSME  Others  Disputed dues - MSME  Disputed dues - Others	Not due  124 2,735 - 2,859	Outstandir Less than 1 year 141 4,693 -	ng for following p  1-2 years  2	eriods from due 2-3 year	date of payment  More than 3 years	Total 265 7,430
(i) M (ii) C (iii) I (iv) I	Disputed dues - Others  al  2022-23:  Particulars  MSME  Others  Disputed dues - MSME  Disputed dues - Others	Not due  124 2,735	Outstandir Less than 1 year 141 4,693 -	ng for following p  1-2 years  2	eriods from due 2-3 year	date of payment  More than 3 years	Total  265 7,430 7,695
(i) N (ii) C (iii) I (iv) I Tota	Disputed dues - Others  al  2022-23:  Particulars  MSME  Disputed dues - MSME  Disputed dues - Others  al	Not due  124 2,735 - 2,859	Outstandir Less than 1 year 141 4,693 -	ng for following p  1-2 years  2	eriods from due 2-3 year	date of payment  More than 3 years	Total  265 7,430 7,695
(i) N (ii) C (iii) I (iv) I Tota	Disputed dues - Others  al  2022-23:  Particulars  MSME  Others  Disputed dues - MSME  Disputed dues - Others	Not due  124 2,735 - 2,859	Outstandir Less than 1 year 141 4,693 -	ng for following p  1-2 years  2	eriods from due 2-3 year	date of payment  More than 3 years	Total  265 7,430 7,695
(i) M (ii) C (iii) I (iv) I Tota  17 Othe	Disputed dues - Others  al  2022-23:  Particulars  ASME Others Disputed dues - MSME Disputed dues - Others al	Not due  124 2,735 - 2,859	Outstandir Less than 1 year 141 4,693 -	ng for following p  1-2 years  2	eriods from due 2-3 year	date of payment  More than 3 years	Total  265 7,430 7,695
(i) M (ii) C (iii) I (iv) I Tota  17 Othe	Disputed dues - Others  al  2022-23:  Particulars  VISME Disputed dues - MSME Disputed dues - Others al  er liabilities a-current villity for land restoration	Not due  124 2,735 - 2,859	Outstandir Less than 1 year 141 4,693 -	ng for following p  1-2 years  2	eriods from due 2-3 year	date of payment  More than 3 years  As at March 31, 2024	7,695 As at March 31, 2023
(i) M (ii) C (iii) I (iv) I Tota  17 Othe Non Liabi Tota	Disputed dues - Others  al  2022-23:  Particulars  ASME  Others  Disputed dues - MSME  Disputed dues - Others  al  er liabilities current  illity for land restoration al	Not due  124 2,735 - 2,859	Outstandir Less than 1 year 141 4,693 -	ng for following p  1-2 years  2	eriods from due 2-3 year	date of payment  More than 3 years  As at March 31, 2024	7,695 As at March 31, 2023
(i) M (ii) C (iii) I (iv) I Tota  17 Othe Non Liabi Tota  Curr	Disputed dues - Others  al  2022-23:  Particulars  VISME Disputed dues - MSME Disputed dues - Others al  er liabilities a-current villity for land restoration	Not due  124 2,735 - 2,859	Outstandir Less than 1 year 141 4,693 -	ng for following p  1-2 years  2	eriods from due 2-3 year	date of payment  More than 3 years  As at March 31, 2024	7,695 As at March 31, 2023
(i) M (ii) C (iii) C (iv) I Tota  17 Othe Non Liabi Tota  Curr Adva	Disputed dues - Others  al  2022-23:  Particulars  ASME  Others  Disputed dues - MSME  Disputed dues - Others  al  er liabilities  1-current  iility for land restoration  al	Not due  124 2,735 - 2,859	Outstandir Less than 1 year 141 4,693 -	ng for following p  1-2 years  2	eriods from due 2-3 year	date of payment  More than 3 years  As at March 31, 2024	7,695  As at March 31, 2023
(i) M (ii) C (iii) C (iv) I Tota  17 Othe Non Liabi Tota  Curr Adva	Disputed dues - Others  al  2022-23:  Particulars  ASME Others Disputed dues - MSME Disputed dues - Others  al  er liabilitiescurrent iility for land restoration al  rent ance from customers cutory remittances	Not due  124 2,735 - 2,859	Outstandir Less than 1 year 141 4,693 -	ng for following p  1-2 years  2	eriods from due 2-3 year	- date of payment  More than 3 years	8,126  Total  265 7,430 7,695  As at March 31, 2023
17 Other Non Liabi Tota  Curr Adva Statu Tota	Disputed dues - Others  al  2022-23:  Particulars  ASME Others Disputed dues - MSME Disputed dues - Others  al  er liabilitiescurrent iility for land restoration al  rent ance from customers cutory remittances	Not due  124 2,735 - 2,859	Outstandir Less than 1 year 141 4,693 -	ng for following p  1-2 years  2	eriods from due 2-3 year	As at March 31, 2024	8,126  Total  265 7,430 7,695  As at March 31, 2023  20 20 630 73

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
18	Revenue from operations		
	Revenue from sale of cement and clinker (Refer note 36)	39,098	26,642
	Other operating income		
	- Sale of scrap	68	81
	- Insurance claims received	3	(
	- Miscellaneous income	8	2
	Total revenue from operations	39,177	26,731
19	Other income		
	Interest Income on financial assets at amortized cost	98	7:
	Profit on sale of plant & equipment	-	
	Total other income	98	74
20	Cost of materials consumed		
	Opening stock	179	15
	Add: Purchases	5,197	3,33
	Less: Closing stock	208	17
	Total cost of materials consumed	5,168	3,30
	Details of materials consumed:		
	Limestone	2,740	1,718
	Laterite	420	18:
	Gypsum	834	69
	Fly ash	962	60
	Others	224	16
	Less: Captive consumption of cement	(12)	(5
	Total	5,168	3,309
21	Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress		
	Inventories at the beginning of the year:		
	Finished goods	569	313
	Work-in-progress	1,178	91
		1,747	1,23
	Inventories at the end of the year:		
	Finished goods	367	569
	Work-in-progress	1,793	1,178
		2,160	1,74
	Net increase	(413)	(512

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
22	Employee benefits expense		
	Salaries and wages, including bonus	1,300	1,067
	Contribution to provident and other funds (Refer note 30)	99	90
	Staff welfare expenses	110	94
	Total employee benefits expense	1,509	1,251
23	Finance cost		
	Interest expense	3,868	3,784
	Interest on deposit from dealers	19	15
	Interest on lease liability (Refer note 33)	9	10
	Other borrowing cost	952	656
	Total finance cost	4,848	4,465
24	Depreciation and amortisation expense		
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Refer note 2)	3,808	3,832
	Depreciation on right of use assets (Refer note 4 and 33)	17	16
	Amortisation of intangible assets (Refer note 3)	1	2
	Total depreciation and amortisation	3,826	3,850
25	Other expenses		
	Packing materials consumed	903	763
	Stores and spares consumed	644	575
	Repairs and maintenance	044	373
	Plant & equipment	475	423
	Buildings	2	2
	Others	126	136
	Selling expenses	959	662
	Rent	16	12
	Insurance	63	62
	Rates and taxes	137	25
	Payment to auditors (Refer note(i) below)	16	16
	Travelling and conveyance	158	117
	Security services	163	144
	Donations and contributions	2	4
	Legal and other professional charges	138	103
	Administrative expenses	22	24
	Printing and stationery	8	7
	Communication	16	12
	Directors sitting fees	5	1
	Miscellaneous expenses	16	35
		3,869	3,123
	Notes:		
	(i) Payment to Auditors (net of taxes) comprises:		
	For audit	15	15
	For other services	1	1
	Total	16	16

# Sagar Cements (M) Private Limited (Formerly known as Satguru Cement Private Limited) CIN: U26942MP2001PTC014599

Notes to the financial statements

All amounts are in ₹ Lakhs unless otherwise stated

Note No.	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
26	Income tax expense		
	(a) Income tax recognized in the statement of profit and loss		
	Current tax:		
	In respect of the current year	-	-
	Total current tax	-	-
	Deferred tax In respect of current year origination and reversal of temporary differences Total deferred tax	(463) (463)	(1,870) <b>(1,870)</b>
	Total tax expense	(463)	(1,870)

#### (b) Reconciliation of effective tax rate:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Loss before tax (A)	(1,931)	(7,680)
Enacted tax rates in India (B)	25.17%	25.17%
Expected tax expense (C = A*B)	(486)	(1,933)
Permanent difference		
Effect on Income disallowed under Income Tax Act, 1961	=	-
Effect on expenses disallowed under Income Tax Act, 1961	22	23
Others	1	40
Total	23	63
At the effective income tax rate	(463)	(1,870)
Total tax expense	(463)	(1,870)

#### (c) Movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities for the year 2023-24:

Particulars	Opening balance	•	(Recognized) / Reversed through other comprehensive income	•	Closing balance
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(1,438)	(935)	-	-	(2,373)
Provision for employee benefits	13	4	(3)	-	14
Expected credit loss allowance	3	-	-	-	3
Others	3	(3)	-	-	=
Carry forward of unabsorbed depreciation and business losses	4,284	1,397	-	10	5,681
Total Deferred tax liability (Net)	2,865	463	(3)		3,325

#### Movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities for the year 2022-23:

Particulars	Opening balance		(Recognized) / Reversed through other comprehensive income		Closing balance
Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(1,243)	(195)	-	-	(1,438)
Provision for employee benefits	(1)	14	-	-	13
Expected credit loss allowance	3	=	-	-	3
Others	5	(1)	-	(1)	3
Carry forward of unabsorbed depreciation and business losses	2,232	2,052	-	-	4,284
Total Deferred tax liability (Net)	996	1,870	-	(1)	2,865

### (d) Income tax assets and liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Income tax assets (Net of provision of ₹ Nil (2022-23: ₹ Nil))	-	-
Income tax liabilities (Net of advance tax of ₹ Nil (2022-23: ₹ Nil))	-	-
Not Income tay assets	_	_

Sagar Cements (M) Private Limited (Formerly known as Satguru Cement Private Limited) CIN: U26942MP2001PTC014599

Notes to the financial statements
All amounts are in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated

### 27. Contingent liabilities, capital and other commitments

### a) Contingent Liabilities:

The Company has no contingent liabilities as at March 31, 2024 and as at March 31, 2023.

#### b) Capital and other commitments:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and	18	35
not provided for (net of capital advances)		

#### 28. Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006:

Dues to micro, small and medium enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the management. This has been relied upon by the auditors. The amount of dues payable to micro, small and medium enterprises is as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
The principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the financial year	3,367	265	
The amount of interest paid by the buyer under the Act along with the amounts of payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	-	-	
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act	-	-	
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	10	-	
The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Act.	-	_	

# 29. Financial Instruments:

The material accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis for measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognized, in respect of each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note 1(b)(xv) to the financial statements.

# A. Capital Management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as going concern while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balances. The capital structure of the Company consists of net debt (borrowings as detailed in Note 13 & 14 offset by cash and bank balances) and total equity of the Company. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Company's management reviews the capital structure of the Company on monthly basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

### **Gearing ratio**

The gearing ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

Description	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Debt (Refer Note below)	39,611	42,642
Cash and cash equivalents and Other bank balances	779	658
Net debt	38,832	41,984
Total equity	8,636	10,096
Net debt to equity ratio	4.50	4.16

Note: Debt comprises of loans, current and non-current borrowings as disclosed in Note 13 and Note 14.

### B. Categories of financial instruments:

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 is as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Financial assets		
Measured at amortised cost		
(i) Trade receivables	818	454
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	64	15
(iii) Other bank balances	715	643
(iv) Other financial assets	1,416	1,226
Total Financial assets	3,013	2,338

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Financial liabilities		
Measured at amortised cost		
(i) Borrowings	34,590	37,621
(ii) Trade payables	8,126	7,695
(iii) Lease liabilities	96	107
(iv) Other financial liabilities	7,396	6,983
Total Financial liabilities	50,208	52,406

#### C. Financial risk management objectives:

The Company's corporate finance function monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through internal risk reports which analyse exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (includes interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company seeks to minimize the effects of these risks through continuous monitoring on day to day basis. The Company does not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

The corporate finance function reports monthly to the Company's management which monitors risks and policies implemented to mitigate risk exposures.

#### i) Market risk:

The Company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risk of changes in interest rates. The Company seeks to minimize the effect of this risk through continuous monitoring and take appropriate steps to mitigate the aforesaid risk.

#### Interest rate risk management:

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk because it borrows funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. The risk is managed by the Company by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating rate borrowings.

# Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Company's loss for the year ended March 31, 2024 would increase/ decrease by ₹ 198 (for the year ended March 31, 2023: increase/ decrease by ₹ 213). This is mainly attributable to the Company's exposure to interest rates on its variable rate borrowings.

### ii) Credit risk management:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company has adopted a policy of dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by the management.

Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable. The Company does not have significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty, except for four customers against whom the concentration of credit risk did not exceed 12% of gross monetary assets. Concentration of credit risk to any counterparty did not exceed 5% of gross monetary assets.

### D. Liquidity risk management:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. Also, the Company has unutilized credit limits with banks. The Company maintained a cautious liquidity strategy, with a positive cash balance throughout the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023. Cash flow from operating activities provides the funds to service the financial liabilities on a day to day basis.

The Company regularly maintains the rolling forecasts to ensure it has sufficient cash on an on-going basis to meet operational needs. Any short-term surplus cash generated, over and above the amount required for working capital management and other operational requirements, is retained as cash and cash equivalents (to the extent required) and any excess is invested in interest bearing short term deposits with appropriate maturities to optimize the cash returns on investments while ensuring sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities

#### Financing facilities:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Secured bills acceptance facility, reviewed annually		
- amount used	3,241	4,039
- amount unused	759	1,961
Total	4,000	6,000
Secured bank overdraft facility reviewed annually and payable at call		
- amount used	2,622	2,433
- amount unused	878	2,567
Total	3,500	5,000
Secured bank loan facilities with varied maturity dates and which may be		
extended by mutual agreement		
- amount used	31,968	35,188
- amount unused	-	-
Total	31,968	35,188
Unsecured loan from Holding Company		
- amount used	4,930	4,930
- amount unused	-	-
Total	4,930	4,930

The details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as at March 31, 2024 are as follows:

Particulars	< 1 Year	1 – 2 years	> 2 years
Trade Payables	8,126	-	-
Lease liabilities	11	8	77
Other financial liabilities	1,874	217	5,305
Borrowings (including current maturities of non-current borrowings)	6,510	4,164	23,916

The details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as at March 31, 2023 are as follows:

Particulars	< 1 Year	1 – 2 years	> 2 years
Trade Payables	7,695	-	-
Lease liabilities	23	8	76
Other financial liabilities	1,492	245	5,246
Borrowings (including current maturities of non-current borrowings)	5,669	3,888	28,064

E. The Company does not have any derivative instruments or unhedged foreign currency exposures as on the balance sheet date.

### 30. Employee benefits:

The employee benefit schemes are as under:

### (i) Defined contribution plan:

### **Provident Fund**

The Company makes provident fund contributions which are defined contribution plans for qualifying employees. Under the scheme, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. These contributions are made to the Fund administered and managed by the Government of India. The Company's monthly contributions are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period they are incurred. Total expense recognized during the year aggregated ₹ 77 (2022–23: ₹ 65).

# **Employee State Insurance**

The Company makes employee state insurance contributions which are defined contribution plans for qualifying employees. Under the scheme, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. These contributions are made to the funds administered and managed by the Government of India. The Company's monthly contributions are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period they are incurred. The total expense recognized during the year aggregated ₹ 1 (2022-23: ₹ 1).

# (ii) Defined benefit plan:

### Gratuity:

In accordance with the 'Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972' of India, the Company provides for gratuity, a defined retirement benefit plan (the 'Gratuity Plan') covering eligible employees. Liabilities with regard to such gratuity plan are determined by an independent actuarial valuation and are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period determined. The gratuity plan is administered by Life Insurance Corporation of India.

The following table sets out the funded status of the gratuity plan and the amounts recognized in the Company's financial statements as per actuarial valuation as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023:

### a) The principal assumptions used for the purposes of actuarial valuations were as follows:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Mortality table (LIC)	IALM 2012-14 (ultimate)	IALM 2012-14 (ultimate)
Discounting rate	7.22%	7.51%
Expected rate of return on plan asset	7.67%	7.01%
Expected average remaining working lives of employees	21.91 years	22.34 years
Rate of escalation in salary	8.48%	9.00%
Attrition rate	28.33%	9.00%

b) Components of defined benefit costs recognized in profit and loss and other comprehensive income:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Amount recognized in statement of profit and loss in respect of defined	1	
benefit plan is as follows:		
Current service cost	15	18
Interest expense	3	1
Expected return on plan assets	(2)	(1)
Other adjustments	1	-
Defined benefit cost included in profit and loss	17	18
Re-measurement effects recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI):		
Remeasurements – Due to financial, demographic and experience	(11)	(1)
adjustments		
Return on plan assets (excluding in interest income)	-	-
Components of defined benefit costs recognized in OCI	(11)	(1)

c) Key Results - Reconciliation of fair value of assets and obligations

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Present value of funded defined benefit obligations	38	31
Fair value of plan assets	(29)	(18)
Net liability arising from defined benefit obligation	9	13

d) Movement in present value of defined benefits obligation are as follows:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	31	14
Current service cost	15	18
Interest cost	3	1
Remeasurements – Due to financial, demographic and experience adjustments	(11)	(2)
Benefits paid out of plan assets and by employer	-	-
Defined benefit obligation at the year end	38	31

e) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Within 1 year	2	-
1 – 2 years	5	1
2 – 3 years	9	2
3 – 4 years	7	5
4 – 5 years	7	3
5 – 10 years	16	16

f) Movement in fair value of plan assets are as follows:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Opening fair value of the plan assets	18	13
Expected return on plan assets	2	1
Contributions from the employer	9	5
Benefits paid out of plan assets	-	-
Re-measurement – Actuarial loss/ (gain)	-	(1)
Other adjustments	-	-
Fair value of plan asset at the year end	29	18

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### g) Sensitivity Analysis:

Sensitivity to significant actuarial assumptions is computed by varying one actuarial assumption used for the valuation of the defined benefit obligation at the period end by one percentage, keeping all other actuarial assumptions constant.

	Defined Benef		it Obligation	
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024		For the year ended March 31, 2023	
	Increase Dec		Increase	Decrease
Effect of 1% change in assumed discount rate	36	39	28	34
Effect of 1% change in assumed salary rate	40	36	34	28
Effect of 1% change in assumed attrition rate	37	38	30	32

The Company is expected to contribute  $\P$  9 lakhs to its defined benefit plans during the next financial year.

### Compensated absences:

The accrual for unutilized leave is determined for the entire available leave balance standing to the credit of the employees at the periodend. The value of such leave balance eligible for carry forward, is determined by an independent actuarial valuation and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period determined.

The key assumptions as provided by an independent actuary, used in the computation of provision for compensated absences are as given below:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Discount Rate	7.22%	7.51%
Salary escalation rate	8.48%	9.00%
Attrition rate	28.33%	9.00%
Mortality tables	IALM 2012-14 (ultimate)	IALM 2012-14 (ultimate)

The Company has made provision for compensated absences based on the actuarial valuation.

31. The Company is exclusively engaged in the business of cement and cement related products. As per Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments", specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, there are no reportable business and geographical segment applicable to the Company.

### 32. Related Party Disclosures:

The list of related parties of the Company is given below:

Name	Relationship
Sagar Cements Limited	Holding Company
Key managerial personnel (KMP):	
Dr. S. Anand Reddy	Director
S. Sreekanth Reddy	Director
Rajesh Bansal	Director
Badrilal Bansal	Director
O Rekha	Director
Hari Mohan Nalamati	Director
Ganesh Katta	Director
Relatives of KMP:	
Mohanlal Bansal	Father of Rajesh Bansal and Badrilal Bansal
Chandrakala Bansal	Mother of Rajesh Bansal and Badrilal Bansal
Varsha Bansal	Wife of Rajesh Bansal
Mamta Bansal	Wife of Badrilal Bansal
Mohanlal Bansal - HUF HUF of Mohanlal Bansal	
Rajesh Bansal - HUF	HUF of Rajesh Bansal
Badrilal Bansal - HUF	HUF of Badrilal Bansal
Andhra Cements Limited Enterprise where KMP along with their relatives exercise significant influence	
RV Consulting Services Private Limited Enterprise where KMP along with their relatives exercise significant influence	
Panchavati Polyfibres Limited Enterprise where KMP along with their relatives exercise significant influence	
Pioneer Industries Enterprise where KMP along with their relatives exercise significant influence	
Samrath Investrade LLP Enterprise where KMP along with their relatives exercise significant influence	
B M Enterprises	Enterprise where KMP along with their relatives exercise significant influence

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Summary of the transactions with the above parties are as follows:

Nature of transaction	Party Name	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Sale of clinker	Pioneer Industries	1,834	1,370
Purchase of raw material	Pioneer Industries	1	5
Purchase of Spares	Pioneer Industries	-	8
	Andhra Cements Limited	7	-
	Total	7	8
Sale of scrap	Sagar Cements Limited	24	-
	Andhra Cements Limited	2	-
	RV Consulting Services Private Limited	19	-
	Total	45	-
Interest expense on corporate guarantee	Sagar Cements Limited	70	77
Sale of property, plant and equipment	RV Consulting Services Private Limited	-	40
Services received	Sagar Cements Limited	224	159
Interest expense on unsecured loan	Sagar Cements Limited	494	394
Reimbursement of expenses paid	Sagar Cements Limited	64	64

### Compensation to key managerial personnel is as follows:

Nature of transaction	Party Name	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Sitting fee	Directors	5	1

### Outstanding balances:

Nature of the balance	Party Name	As at	As at
Nature of the balance	Party Name	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Loans taken	Badrilal Bansal	29	29
	Rajesh Bansal	62	62
	Sagar Cements Limited	4,930	4,930
	Total	5,021	5,021
Trade payables	Sagar Cements Limited	156	1,200
Trade receivables	Pioneer Industries	194	45
	RV Consulting Services Private Limited	22	-
	Total	216	45
Interest accrued but not due on loan	Sagar Cements Limited	1,296	852
taken			
Corporate guarantee taken	Sagar Cements Limited	37,000	37,000

# 33. Operating Lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

### Operating lease commitments

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land and buildings. The Company recognises right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of the right-of-use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. Right-of-use assets are tested for impairment whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment loss, if any, is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate.

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 Leases to short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Following are the changes in the carrying value of right of use assets for the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023	
Opening Balance	312	328	
Additions	3	-	
Depreciation	(17)	(16)	
Closing Balance	298	312	

The aggregate depreciation expense on right-of-use assets is included under depreciation expense in the statement of profit and loss.

The following is the movement in lease liabilities during the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023:

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended	
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	
Opening Balance	107	119	
Additions	3	-	
Finance cost accrued during the year	9	10	
Payment of lease liabilities	(23)	(22)	
Closing Balance	96	107	

The following is the break-up of current and non-current lease liabilities as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Non-current lease liabilities	85	84
Current lease liabilities	11	23
Total	96	107

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023 on discounted basis

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Within one year	11	23
After one year but not more than five years	28	21
More than 5 years	57	63

Amount recognised in statement of profit and loss account as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Amortization of right of use assets	17	16
Interest on lease liability	9	10
Expense relating to short term lease	16	12

### 34. Earnings per share

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Loss after tax (₹ in lakhs)	(1,468)	(5,810)
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding	50,36,573	50,36,573
Earnings per share:		
Basic and Diluted (in ₹)	(29.15)	(115.28)

**35.** The Holding Company extended the corporate guarantee for the further loans availed by the Company and on account of the same, the loans were given at concessional rate to the Company. The fair value of the corporate guarantee aggregating to ₹ 470 (March 31, 2023: ₹ 470) has been accounted as deemed investment in equity.

### 36. Reconciliation of revenue as per contract price and recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Revenue as per Contract price	41,759	28,147
Less: Discounts and incentives	(2,661)	(1,505)
Revenue as per statement of profit and loss	39,098	26,642

- The amounts receivable from customers become due after expiry of credit period which on an average is less than 30 to 60 days. There is no significant financing component in any transaction with the customers.
- The Company does not provide performance warranty for products, therefore there is no liability towards performance warranty.
- The Company does not have any material performance obligations which are outstanding as at the year-end as the contracts entered for sale of goods are for short term in nature.

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### Disaggregation of Revenue:

Revenue by timing of recognition:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Goods transferred at a point of time	39,098	26,642
Goods transferred over time	-	-

### 37. Capital Work-in-Progress:

### (a) Capital Work-in-Progress ageing:

Ageing for capital work-in-progress as at March 31, 2024 is as follows:

Particulars	Amount of Capital work-in-progress for the period of			Total	
rai ticulai s	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	15	2	-	-	17

Ageing for capital work-in-progress as at March 31, 2023 is as follows:

Particulars	Amount of Capital work-in-progress for the period of			Total	
Fai ticulais	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3 years	lotai
Projects in progress	71	-	•	1	71

There are no projects where activity has been suspended or completion is overdue or exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

### (b) Capitalisation of expenditure:

During the year, the following amount of expenditures are recognised in the carrying amount of Property, Plant and Equipment/ Capital work-

in-progress (CWIP) in the course of its construction.

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023
Expenditure during construction for projects		
Raw materials consumed	-	=
Power and fuel consumed	-	=
Employee benefits expense	-	-
Rates and taxes	-	-
Depreciation	-	-
Finance costs	-	-
Miscellaneous expenses	-	-
Total Pre-operative expenses	-	-
Less: Sale of products / Other income	-	-
Add: Balance at the beginning of the year	-	565
Less: Capitalised during the year	-	(565)
Closing balance included in CWIP	-	-

Consequently, expenses disclosed under the respective notes are net of amounts capitalised by the Company.

## 38. Relationship with struck off companies:

Name of Struck off Company	Relationship with the Struck off Company	Nature of transactions	Transactions during the year ended March 31, 2024	Transactions during the year ended March 31, 2023	Balance outstanding as at March 31, 2024	Balance outstanding as at March 31, 2023
Sudarshan construction		Sale of cement	-	1.8	-	-
Shagun Ashiyana Private Limited	Customer		-	1.8	-	-

#### 39. Key financial ratios:

Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March 31, 2023	% of Variance	Refer Note
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities excl. Current Borrowings	0.59	0.79	(25%)	-
Debt-Equity Ratio	Debt (1)	Net Worth (2)	4.59	4.22	9%	-
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings before depreciation, interest and tax	Interest expense + Principal repayment (3)	0.84	0.11	664%	1
Return on Equity Ratio (ROE)	Net Profits after taxes  – Preference Dividend	Average Shareholder's Equity	(0.16)	(0.45)	(64%)	1
Inventory turnover ratio (times)	Sales of Products and Services	Average Inventory (4)	9.16	7.85	17%	-
Trade Receivables turnover ratio (times)	Sales of Products and Services	Average Trade Receivable <sup>(5)</sup>	60.34	66.36	(9%)	-
Trade payables turnover ratio (times)	Purchase	Average Trade Payables (6)	3.74	4.86	(23%)	-
Net capital turnover ratio	Sales of Products and Services	current assets - current liabilities	(3.51)	(3.42)	3%	-
Net profit ratio	Profit after tax	Sales of Products and Services	(3.75%)	(21.81%)	(83%)	1
Return on Capital employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital Employed (7)	0.06	(0.06)	(200%)	1
Return on Investments	Income generated from investments	Total investments	NA	NA	-	-

<sup>(1)</sup> Debt = Long term secured loans + Current maturities of long-term debt + Loan term unsecured loans + Cash credit facilities

### Notes:

- Company operations were gradually ramping up and due to decrease in power and fuel expenses, there is an increase in the operating margins, this resulted into significant variation in the above reported ratio.
- **40.** As per the requirements of Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014, the Company is required to use only such accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts that have a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and who made those changes within such accounting software.

In respect of the accounting software used by the Company, audit trail was not enabled at certain master tables at application level and database level to log any direct data changes. In respect of such application and database, the Company has established and maintained an adequate internal control framework over its financial reporting and based on its assessment, has concluded that the internal controls for the year ended March 31, 2024 were effective. The Company is in the process of system upgradation to meet the audit trail requirements for the relevant masters at application level and database.

**41.** The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which would impact the contributions by the company towards Provident Fund and Gratuity. The Ministry of Labour and Employment has released draft rules for the Code on Social Security, 2020 on November 13, 2020, and has invited suggestions from stakeholders which are under active consideration by the Ministry. The Company will assess the impact and its evaluation once the subject rules are notified and will give appropriate impact in its financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

<sup>(2)</sup> Net Worth = Equity share capital + Other equity

<sup>(3)</sup> Excluding refinanced debt for all the loan funds during the period

 $<sup>^{(4)}</sup>$  Average inventory = (Opening + Closing balance) / 2

 $<sup>^{(5)}</sup>$  Average trade receivables = (Opening + Closing balance) / 2

<sup>(6)</sup> Average trade payables = (Opening + Closing balance) / 2

<sup>(7)</sup> Capital Employed = Tangible net worth + Total debt + Deferred tax liability

Sagar Cements (M) Private Limited (Formerly known as Satguru Cement Private Limited)
CIN: U26942MP2001PTC014599
Notes to the financial statements
All amounts are in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated

#### 42. Other statutory information

- (i) The Company does not have any Benami property, nor any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property.
- (ii) The Company has not revalued its Property, plant & equipment (including right-of-use assets) and Intangible assets during the period.
- (iii) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- (iv) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- (v) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person or entity, including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
  - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (vi) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
  - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
  - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,
- (vii) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (viii)The Company has not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- 43. These financial statements were approved by the Company's Board of Directors on May 14, 2024.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Sagar Cements (M) Private Limited (Formerly known as Satguru Cement Private Limited)

**Dr. S. Anand Reddy** Director DIN: 00123870 Badrilal Bansal Director DIN: 01034048

S. Sreekanth Reddy Director DIN: 00123889 Rajesh Bansal Director DIN: 01033997

Place: Hyderabad Date: May 14, 2024